

# Reducing Readmissions after TAVR through Enhanced Transitional Care



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# **INTRODUCTION**

TAVR has transformed the management of severe AS. However, 30-day readmissions remain a significant challenge, averaging **8.6% nationally** and **costing ~\$16,000 per event**, highlighting the need for effective transitional care strategies. <sup>1-5</sup>

# **BACKGROUND**

This QI project aimed to reduce readmissions, despite challenges from the COVID-19 pandemic and regional disasters (hurricanes, freeze, flood). It was evaluated in three phases:

- Pre-implementation (2018–2019): standard practice
- Implementation (2020–2021): tested standardized discharge and follow-up
- Post-implementation (2022–Q2 2025): sustained practice with continued monitoring.

# **METHODS**

- Study population: Between 2018 and Q2 2025, 360 patients underwent TAVR across three phases: pre-implementation (n=99), implementation (n=81), and postimplementation (n=180)<sup>4</sup>.
- **Framework**: PDSA cycles and affinity diagrams guided improvements.
- Data sources: STS/ACC TVT Registry<sup>™5</sup> and EMR dashboards.

Pre-Op	

Engage patient/caregiver

SDOH screening

Conduction system assessment

# Pre-Discharge

Caregiver present, simplified handout

Meds-to-bed, followup visits scheduled

Monitoring devices provided, if needed

# Post-Discharge

Structured follow-up calls

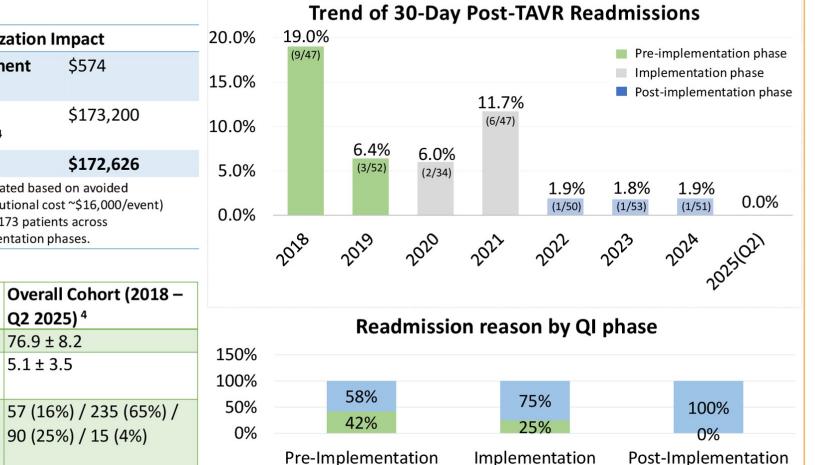
Protocolized followup visits

ED/hospitalist alerts, coding optimization

# Cost and Utilization Impact Home monitoring equipment \$574 cost<sup>4</sup> Estimated institutional \$173,200 readmission cost savings<sup>4</sup> Net savings<sup>4</sup> \$172,626

Estimated cost savings were calculated based on avoided readmissions (average direct institutional cost ~\$16,000/event) applied to reductions seen across 173 patients across implementation and post-implementation phases.

<b>Patient Characteristics</b>	Overall Cohort (2018 –
	Q2 2025) <sup>4</sup>
Age, years (mean ± SD)	76.9 ± 8.2
STS PROM, % (mean ±	5.1 ± 3.5
SD)	
Indication:	57 (16%) / 235 (65%) /
Low/Intermediate/High/	90 (25%) / 15 (4%)
Inoperable, n (%)	
Pre-existing conduction	127 (35%)
system disease, n (%)	
Frailty ≥2/4, n (%)	173 (48%)





- An enhanced transitional care pathway with early follow-up, Meds-to-Beds, and home monitoring reduced 30-day readmissions from 12.7% to 1.9% (85%), despite external challenges.
- Improved patient engagement and streamlined workflows decreased LOS and lowered costs, demonstrating the financial value and scalability of this approach for structural heart programs.

# **REFERENCES**

(2020–2021, n=81)

(2018–2019, n=99)

■ TAVR-Related (%)

1. Iribarne A, Zwischenberger B, Mehaffey JH, et al. STS Adult Cardiac Surgery Database: 2024 update. *Ann Thorac Surg*. 2025;119(6):1139-1150.

Non-TAVR-Related (%)

(2022–Q2 2025,

n=180)

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- 4. Internal data, Lake Charles Memorial Hospital, 2018-Q2 2025.
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https://www.ncdr.com/WebNCDR/TVT/dashboards/Dashboard-PowerBI

#### **VALUE PROPOSITION**

- Patients: Improved recovery, fewer readmissions, reduced LOS.
- **Providers**: Streamlined workflows, proactive complication detection.
- Payers: >\$170K net savings and stronger cost control <sup>2-4</sup>.
- Society: Scalable, low-cost care model supporting population health and equity.

Abbreviations: AS: aortic stenosis; ED: emergency department; EMR: electronic medical record; LOS: length of stay; PSA: plan-do-study-act; QI: quality improvement, SDOH: social determinants of health; STS/ACC TVT: Society of Thoracic Surgeons, American College of Cardiology, Transcatheter Valve Therapies; STS PROM: Society of Thoracic Surgeons Predicted Risk of Mortality; TAVR: transcatheter aortic valve replacement.

# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

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# **DISCLOSURES**

Misty Theriot, RN: Edwards Lifesciences – Speaker's Bureau. Edward Bergen, DO, Joseph Lugo, MD, Janie Fuselier, MSN have no disclosures.