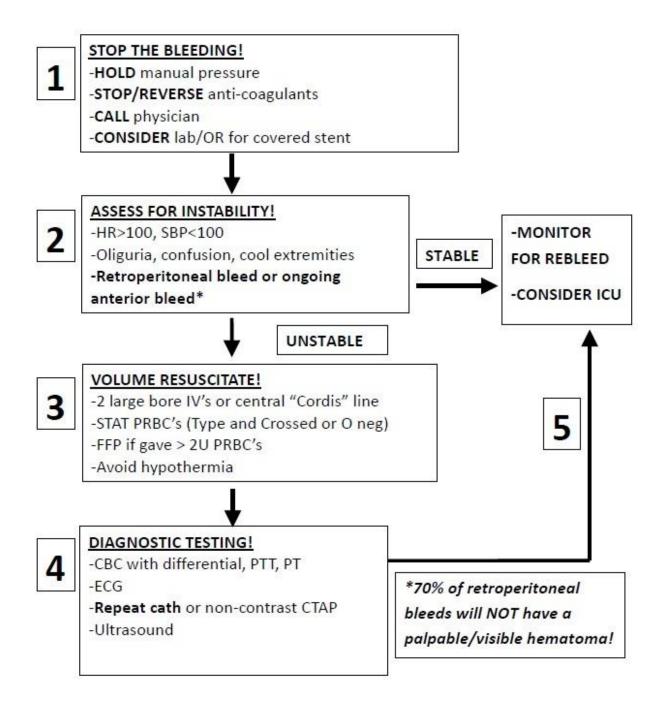


Post PCI Procedure Groin Bleed Instructions

This flow chart provides a step-by-step approach to treating groin bleeds after PCI.

Adapted with permission from the Blue Cross Blue Shield of Michigan Cardiovascular Collaborative (BMC2) Best practice protocols available at https://bmc2.org/system/files/private/best-practice-protocols-5-20-14.pdf.





Other special considerations:

Consideration	Comment
How to hold pressure on groin?	Drop bed height as low as possible. Using fingertips of both hands, hold occlusive pressure 2 cm above (cephalad to) arteriotomy site until hemostasis maintained, typically 20-30 minutes. Continue to assess for control of bleeding.
Cath lab or CTAP to look for retroperitoneal hematoma?	Hemodynamic instability or rapid fall in hemoglobin. Back/flank pain or discoloration.
Vascular surgery consultation?	Hemodynamic instability, RP bleed, large anterior thigh hematoma, pseudoaneurysm, AV fistula.
Repair of pseudoaneurysm?	If > 2 cm