



Section: Demog	raphics	Parent: Root
Element: 2000		Last Name
10110111. 2000	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the patient's last name. Hyphenated names should be recorded with a hyphen.
	-	The value on arrival at this facility
	-	
lement: 2010		First Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the patient's first name.
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
lement: 2020		Middle Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the patient's middle name.
		Note(s): It is acceptable to specify the middle initial.
		If there is no middle name given, leave field blank.
		If there are multiple middle names, enter all of the middle names sequentially.
		If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only.
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
	-	
lement: 2050		Birth Date
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the patient's date of birth.
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
lement: 2030		SSN
2000	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the patient's United States Social Security Number (SSN).
	Ū	Note(s):
		If the patient does not have a US Social Security Number (SSN), leave blank and check 'SSN NA'.
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
	Vendor Instruction:	SSN (2030) must be 9 numeric characters long
Element: 2031		SSN N/A
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient does not have a United States Social Security Number (SSN).
	-	The value on arrival at this facility
element: 2040		Patient ID
	Coding Instruction:	This number is automatically generated by the data collection software system used by your facility to abstract data
		Note(s): Once assigned to a patient at the participating facility, this number will never be changed or reassigned to a different patient. If the
		patient returns to the same participating facility or for follow up, they will receive this same unique patient identifier.
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
lement: 2045		Other ID
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate an optional patient identifier, such as medical record number, that can be associated with the patient.
	Target Value:	
	C	
lement: 2060		Sex
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the patient's sex at birth.
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
	.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.19	
election	Definition	Source Code Syste





Section: Demo	ographics	Parent: Root
Female		F HL7 Administrative Genc
Element: 2065		Patient Zip Code
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the patient's United States Postal Service zip code of their primary residence.
		Note(s):
	T	If the patient does not have a U.S. residence, or is homeless, leave blank and check 'Zip Code NA'.
	-	The value on arrival at this facility Patient Zip Code (2065) must be 5 numeric characters long
	vendor instruction.	Fatient Zip Code (2003) must be 3 numeric characters long
Element: 2066		Zip Code N/A
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient does not have a United States Postal Service zip code.
		Note(s):
		This includes patients who do not have a U.S. residence or are homeless.
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Element: 2070		Race - White
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient is White as determined by the patient/family.
	-	The value on arrival at this facility
	Supporting Definition:	White (race)
		Having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.
		Source: U.S. Office of Management and Budget. Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity
Element: 2071		Race - Black/African American
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient is Black or African American as determined by the patient/family.
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
	Supporting Definition:	Black/African American (race)
		Having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa. Terms such as "Haitian" or "Negro" can be used in addition to "Black or Africa American."
		Source: U.S. Office of Management and Budget. Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity
Element: 2073		Race - American Indian/Alaskan Native
Liement. 2075	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient is American Indian or Alaskan Native as determined by the patient/family.
	-	The value on arrival at this facility
	-	American Indian or Alaskan Native (race)
		Having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America), and who maintains tribal affiliation or community attachment.
		Source: U.S. Office of Management and Budget. Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity
Element: 2072		Race - Asian
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient is Asian as determined by the patient/family.
	-	The value on arrival at this facility
	Supporting Definition:	Asian (race)
		Having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent including, for example, Cambodi
		China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam. Source: U.S. Office of Management and Budget. Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity
Element: 2074		Race - Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient is Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander as determined by the patient/family.
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
	Supporting Definition:	Race - Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander - Native Hawaiian
		Having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.
		Source: U.S. Office of Management and Budget. Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity





Section: Demographics	Parent: Root
Element: 2076	Hispanic or Latino Ethnicity
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient is of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity as determined by the patient/family.
Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Supporting Definition:	Hispanic or Latino Ethnicity
	A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race. The term, "Spanish origin," can be used in addition to "Hispanic or Latino."
	Source: U.S. Office of Management and Budget. Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity
Element: 14780	Original Patient ID
Coding Instruction:	This is the ID generated when the patient was first submitted to the Registry. This field will be provided to vendors as part of the participant vendor migration process for all patients currently in the Registry. For patients submitted to the Registry the first time by a vendor, it should be populated with the NCDR Patient ID assigned by the vendor.
Target Value:	N/A
Element: 14781	Original NCDR Vendor
Coding Instruction:	This is the vendor identifier of the vendor who first submitted the patient to the Registry. This field will be provided to vendors as part of the vendor migration process for all patients currently in the registry. For patients submitted to the Registry for the first time by a vendor, it should be populated with the Vendor Identifier of the submitting vendor.

Target Value: N/A





Section: Episode Information		Parent: Episode of Care		
Element: 2999		Episode Unique Key		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the unique key associated with each patient episode record as assigned by the EMR/EHR or your software application.		
	Target Value:	N/A		
Element: 3001		Arrival Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the patient arrived at this facility.		
		If the arrival date and time are not specified, code the earliest date and time found in the medical record indicating the patient was at this facility (i.e., ED triage, ECG, etc.).		
	Target Value:	N/A		
	Vendor Instruction:	Time between Arrival Date and Time (3001) and Arrival at Outside Facility Date and Time (12426) should be Less than or Equal to One Day		
		Patient must be at least 18 years old at time of Arrival Date and Time (3001)		
		Arrival Date and Time (3001) must be Less than Transferred out of Emergency Department Date and Time (12361)		
		Arrival Date and Time (3001) must be Greater than Arrival at Outside Facility Date and Time (12426)		
		Arrival Date and Time (3001) must be Less than Discharge Date and Time (10101)		
Element: 12217		Admission Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the patient was admitted as an inpatient to your facility for the current episode of care.		
		Note(s): Indicate the date and time that the inpatient admission order was written.		
		Indicate the date and time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (0000 hours).		
	Target Value:	N/A		
	Vendor Instruction:	Admission Date and Time (12217) must be Less than Discharge Date and Time (10101)		





Section: ED Professionals	Parent: Episode Information
Element: 12202	Emergency Department Provider Last Name
	Indicate the last name of the emergency department professional.
County instruction.	
	Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 characters only.
	The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement in quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, Emergency and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
Target Value:	All values between arrival at this facility and discharge
Element: 12201	Emergency Department Provider First Name
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the first name of the emergency department professional.
	Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 characters only.
	The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement in quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, Emergency and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
Target Value:	All values between arrival at this facility and discharge
Element: 12203	Emergency Department Provider Middle Name
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the middle name of the emergency department professional.
	Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 characters only.
	The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement in quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, Emergency and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
Target Value:	All values between arrival at this facility and discharge
Element: 12204	Emergency Department Provider NPI
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the National Provider Identifier (NPI) of the provider that will be listed as the physician of record during the Emergency Department visit. NPI's, assigned by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), are used to uniquely identify physicians for Medicare billing purposes.
	Note(s): The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the physician level, which may assist physicians with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement in quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, Emergency and Discharging Provider roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
Target Value:	All values between arrival at this facility and discharge
Vendor Instruction:	A partial response for Emergency Department Provider is not allowed. NPI (12204), First Name (12201), and Last Name (12202) must all be answered or left NULL





Section: Admitting Professional	Parent: Episode Information
Element: 3050	Admitting Provider Last Name
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the last name of the admitting professional.
	Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 characters only.
	The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement in quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Element: 3051	Admitting Provider First Name
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the first name of the admitting professional.
	Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 characters only.
	The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement in quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Element: 3052	Admitting Provider Middle Name
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the middle name of the admitting professional.
	Note(s): It is acceptable to specify the middle initial.
	If there is no middle name given, leave field blank.
	If there are multiple middle names, enter all of the middle names sequentially.
	If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only.
	The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement in quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Element: 3053	Admitting Provider NPI
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the National Provider Identifier (NPI) of the professional that admitted the patient.
	National Provider Identifier (NPI) numbers, assigned by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), are used to uniquely identify professionals for Medicare billing purposes.
	Note(s): The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement in quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Vendor Instruction:	A partial response for Admitting Provider is not allowed. NPI (3053), First Name (3051), and Last Name (3050) must all be answered or left NULL





ofessionals	Parent: Episode Information
	Attending Provider Last Name
ng Instruction:	Indicate the last name of the attending professional.
	Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 characters only.
	The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
Target Value:	All values between arrival at this facility and discharge
	Attending Provider First Name
ng Instruction:	Indicate the first name of the attending professional.
	Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 characters only.
	The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
Target Value:	All values between arrival at this facility and discharge
	Attending Provider Middle Name
ng Instruction:	Indicate the middle name of the attending professional.
	Note(s): It is acceptable to specify the middle initial.
	If there is no middle name given, leave field blank.
	If there are multiple middle names, enter all of the middle names sequentially.
	If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only.
	The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagemen quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
Target Value:	All values between arrival at this facility and discharge
	Attending Provider NPI
ng Instruction:	Indicate the National Provider Identifier (NPI) of the attending professional.
	National Provider Identifier (NPI) numbers, assigned by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), are used to uniquely identify professionals for Medicare billing purposes.
	Note(s): The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagemen quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
	All values between arrival at this facility and discharge
larget Value:	
	Target Value: ng Instruction: Target Value: ng Instruction: Target Value: ng Instruction:



Section: Health Insurance

Coder's Data Dictionary v3.1

Parent: Episode Information



Element: 3005 Health Insurance Coding Instruction: Indicate if the patient has health insurance. Target Value: The value on arrival at this facility **Element: 3010** Health Insurance Payment Source Coding Instruction: Indicate the patient's health insurance payment type. Note(s): If the patient has multiple insurance payors, select all payors. If there is uncertainty regarding how to identify a specific health insurance plan, please discuss with your billing department to understand how it should be identified in the registry. Target Value: The value on arrival at this facility Payor Category - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.5 Definition Code System Selection Source Code Private health insurance is coverage by a health plan Private health insurance PHDSC 5 provided through an employer or union or purchased by an individual from a private health insurance company. A health maintenance organization (HMO) is considered private health insurance. State-specific plan (non-State Specific Plans - Some states have their own 36 PHDSC Medicaid) health insurance programs for low-income uninsured individuals. These health plans may be known by different names in different states. Medicare is a health insurance program for: people age Medicare Program - General Information | CMS PHDSC Medicare (Part A or B) 1 65 or older; people under age 65 with certain disabilities; and people of all ages with end-stage renal disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant). Medicare Part A (Hospital Insurance) -Part A helps cover inpatient care in hospitals, including critical access hospitals, and skilled nursing facilities (not custodial or long-term care). It also helps cover hospice care and some home health care. Medicare Part B (Medical Insurance) -Part B helps cover doctors' services and outpatient care. It also covers some other medical services that Part A doesn't cover, such as some of the services of physical and occupational therapists, and some home health care. Part B helps pay for these covered services and supplies when they are medically necessary. Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage) -Medicare Advantage Plans (Part C) | 112000002025 ACC NCDR Medicare Advantage (Part C) Part C is an alternative way to get Medicare coverage MedicareAdvantage.com through private insurance companies instead of the federal government. Part C provides the same benefits as Medicare Part A and Part B, and may include additional benefits such as dental, vision, prescription drug and wellness programs coverage. Medicaid Medicaid is a program administered at the state level, 2 PHDSC which provides medical assistance to the needy Families with dependent children, the aged, blind, and disabled who are in financial need are eligible for Medicaid. It may be known by different names Military health care Military Health care - Military health care includes 31 PHDSC TRICARE/CHAMPUS (Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services) and CHAMPVA (Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veterans Affairs), as well as care provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA). PHDSC Indian health service Indian Health Service (IHS) is a health care program 33 through which the Department of Health and Human Services provides medical assistance to eligible American Indians at IHS facilities. In addition, the IHS helps pay the cost of selected health care services provided at non-IHS facilities. Non-US insurance refers to individuals with a payor ACC NCDR Non-US insurance 100000812 that does not originate in the United States.





Section: Health Insurance

Parent: Episode Information

Element: 12846 Medicare Beneficiary Identifier

 $\label{eq:coding} \textbf{Coding Instruction:} \quad \mbox{Indicate the patient's Medicare Beneficiary Identifier (MBI)}.$

Note(s):

Enter the Medicare Beneficiary Identifier (MBI) for those patients insured by Medicare. Patients without Medicare will not have a MBI.

Target Value: The value on arrival at this facility





Section: Diagnosis

Element: 12360

Coding Instruction: Indicate the (cardiac) patient type. See Inclusion Criteria document for coding selection definitions.

Target Value: The highest value between arrival at this facility and discharge

Vendor Instruction: When Patient Type (12360) is STEMI, then Percutaneous Coronary Intervention Indication (12326) must be in (STEMI - Immediate PCI for acute STEMI, STEMI - Other)

Parent: Diagnosis and Intersystem Care Delivery

Patient Type - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.687

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
STEMI			401303003	SNOMED CT
NSTEMI			401314000	SNOMED CT
Unstable angina			4557003	SNOMED CT
Low-risk chest pain			11200000217	ACC NCDR

Element: 12447

STEMI Setting

Patient Type

Coding Instruction: Indicate the setting in which the STEMI occurred.

Target Value: The first value between first medical contact and discharge

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Pre-Admit	Pre-Admit STEMI occurs pre-hospital or any time prior to order for admission. Orders for observation status (or like designation) do not qualify as admitting orders.		11200000300	ACC NCDR
In-Hospital	In-Hospital STEMI occurs after order for admission. Th diagnostic ECG occurs after cardiac or non-cardiac admission order.	le	11200000216	ACC NCDR

Element: 15478

Admitting Diagnosis

Coding Instruction: Indicate the original admitting diagnosis documented prior to the in-hospital STEMI.

Target Value: The first value between arrival at first facility and discharge

Type of Admitting Diagnosis - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.910

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Medical: Cardiac			56265001	SNOMED CT
Medical: Non-cardiac			8319008	SNOMED CT
Surgical: Cardiovascular			112802009	SNOMED CT
Surgical: Non-cardiovascu	ar		387713003	SNOMED CT

Element: 15559

STEMI Type 2

Coding Instruction: Indicate if the STEMI is a Type 2 STEMI.

Note(s): To warrant coding 'Yes', documentation should list one of the following causes:

1. Coronary vasospasm

2. Embolism

3. Spontaneous coronary artery dissection (SCAD)

4. Other cause identified as a STEMI type 2

Target Value: The value on discharge

Supporting Definition: Type 2

Myocardial infarction caused by a mismatch between oxygen supply and demand. By definition, acute atherothrombotic plaque disruption is not a feature of type 2 myocardial infarctions.

Source: Thygesen K, Alpert J, Jaffe A, et al. Fourth Universal Definition of Myocardial Infarction (2018). J Am Coll Cardiol. 2018 Oct, 72 (18) 2231–2264.

Element: 15599

Type 2 Mechanism

Coding Instruction: Indicate the pathophysiological mechanism attributed to the type 2 STEMI.

Note(s):

Select 'Other' if SCAD, coronary embolism, or coronary vasospasm are not diagnosed as the mechanism of injury associated with the STEMI, and any of the following terms are documented in the medical record: 'Type 2 MI (STEMI)', 'Suspected type 2 MI (STEMI)', 'Probable type 2 MI (STEMI)', 'Supply/demand mismatch (STEMI)'.

Target Value: The value on discharge





Section: Diagnosis		Parent: Diagnosis and Intersystem Care Delivery		
Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Spontaneous coronary artery dissection			197364005	SNOMED CT
Coronary embolism			264511000	SNOMED CT
Coronary vasospasm		263924000	SNOMED CT	
Other			112000003583	ACC NCDR





Section: Intersy	stem Care Delivery	Parent: Diagnosis and Intersys	tem Care Delivery		
Element: 12188		Means of Transport to First Hospital			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the means of transportation to the first acute care facility (hospital) where the patient first received treatment.			
		Note(s): Patients that transport to hospital by medical personnel via wheelchair or stretcher are	to be entered as "Self/Family" tr	ansport.	
	Target Value:	N/A			
	to First Facility - 1.3.6.1	1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.905			
Selection Self/Family	Definition	Source	Code		
EMS - Ambulance			11200000254	ACC NCDF	
EMS - Air			112000000256	ACC NCDF	
Element: 15464		Call to 911 Date and Time			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the call was placed to a 911 operator.			
		Note(s): The completion of this data element is only required for facilities seeking Chest Pain Cer (CPC) Certification.	nter (CPC) Accreditation or Ches	t Pain Center	
	Target Value:	N/A			
Element: 12198		Emergency Medical Services Dispatch Date and Time			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the responding unit was notified by dispatch.			
		Note(s): Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beg	inning at midnight (0000 hours).		
	Target Value:	: N/A			
	Vendor Instruction:	Emergency Medical Services Dispatch Date and Time (12198) must be Less than the e Facility Date and Time (12426), Arrival Date and Time (3001), Emergency Medical Servi			
Element: 12197		Emergency Medical Services First Medical Contact Date and Time			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time when the patient was first evaluated by emergency medical	services (EMS) prior to arrival a	t the first facility.	
		Note(s): Code the earliest date/time indicating emergency medical services (EMS) was with the	patient (i.e., arrival time, BP perf	ormed, ECG, etc.).	
		Emergency medical services (EMS) are pre-hospital healthcare providers (i.e., emerger firefighters, etc.)	ncy medical technicians (EMT), p	paramedics,	
	Target Value:	N/A			
	Vendor Instruction:	Emergency Medical Services First Medical Contact Date and Time (12197) must be Les Time (12612)	s than or Equal to Arrival at First	Facility Date and	
Element: 12199		Emergency Medical Services Leaving Scene Date and Time			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the responding unit left the scene with a patient (started mov	ving).		
		Note(s): Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beg	inning at midnight (0000 hours).		
	Target Value:				
	-	Emergency Medical Services Leaving Scene Date and Time (12199) must be Greater th and Time (12198)	nan Emergency Medical Services	Dispatch Date	
		Emergency Medical Services Leaving Scene Date and Time (12199) must be Greater th Contact Date and Time (12197)	nan Emergency Medical Services	First Medical	
		Emergency Medical Services Leaving Scene Date and Time (12199) must be Less than	Arrival at First Facility Date and	Time (12612)	
Element: 12419		Emergency Medical Services First Medical Contact Non System Reason	n For Delay		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if there was a patient-centered reason that delayed EMS from transporting the	patient.		
		Note(s): A patient-centered reason for delay is an issue/condition understood and documented with the health care system (i.e. ambulance staff, equipment or processes, etc.).	to originate with the patient. It is	not associated	





Section: Intersystem Care Delivery	Parent: Diagnosis and Intersystem Care Delivery
	To warrant coding 'Yes' the patient-centered reason(s) must be identified prior to EMS leaving the scene and be responsible for affecting EMS departure.
	Examples: Patient delays transport until family member arrives, patient has cardiac arrest in the home.
Target Value:	Any occurrence between first medical contact and EMS leaving scene
Element: 12200	Emergency Medical Services STEMI Alert
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the EMS notified the receiving hospital of a possible or positive ST Elevation Myocardial Infarction (STEMI).
Target Value:	Any occurrence between first medical contact and arrival at this facility
Element: 15465	STEMI Alert Date and Time
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the STEMI alert was activated.
Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Supporting Definition:	Destination Team Pre-Arrival Alert (or Activation)
	Indication that an alert (or activation) was called by EMS to the appropriate destination healthcare facility team. The alert (or activation) should occur prior to the EMS Unit arrival at the destination with the patient. Source: http://nemsis.org/v3/downloads/datasetDictionaries.html
Element: 15593	Emergency Medical Services Agency NPI
	Indicate the emergency medical services agency number.
	Note(s): The EMS agency number is the National Provider Identifier (NPI). The NPI can be obtained from the National Plan and Provider Enumeration System (NPPES). https://npiregistry.cms.hhs.gov/
Target Value:	N/A
-	EMS Agency Number
	The state-assigned provider number of the responding agency.
	Source: http://nemsis.org/v3/downloads/datasetDictionaries.html
Element: 12190	Emergency Medical Services Run Number
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the emergency medical services run number.
Target Value:	N/A
Supporting Definition:	Incident Number
	The incident number assigned by the 911 Dispatch System. Source: http://nemsis.org/v3/downloads/datasetDictionaries.html
Element: 12421	Transferred From Outside Facility
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient was transferred directly to your facility within 24 hours after initial presentation to an outside facility.
Target Value:	N/A
Element: 12426	Arrival at Outside Facility Date and Time
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the patient arrived at the outside facility.
	Note(s): Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (0000 hours).
Target Value:	N/A
Vendor Instruction:	Arrival at Outside Facility Date and Time (12426) must be Less than Transfer From Outside Facility Date and Time (12427)
Element: 12427	Transfer From Outside Facility Date and Time
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the patient left the outside facility.
	Note(s):
	Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (0000 hours).
Target Value:	N/A





Section: Intersys	stem Care Delivery	Parent: Diagnosis and Intersystem Care Delivery
	Vendor Instruction:	Transfer From Outside Facility Date and Time (12427) must be Less than Arrival Date and Time (3001)
Element: 15468		Patient Centered Reason for Delay to Transfer
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if there was a patient-centered reason that occurred at the transferring facility and impacted the patient's departure.
		Note(s): A patient-centered reason for delay is an issue/condition understood and documented to originate with the patient. It is not associated with the health care system (i.e. facility, staff or processes, etc.).
		To warrant coding 'Yes' the patient-centered reason(s) must be identified within the first 30 minutes of the patient's arrival at the transferring facility or after the diagnosis of STEMI and be responsible for affecting the patient's departure time.
		Examples: Patient delays in providing consent for transfer, patient has cardiac arrest and/or need for intubation before transfer, emergent CT scan for rule out CVA, is too unstable for transport (i.e., cardiovascular instability, acute heart failure, cardiogenic shock).
	Target Value:	Any occurrence in the first 30 minutes after arrival at the transferring facility (or within the first 30 minutes after STEMI diagnosis)
Element: 12402		Transferring Facility American Hospital Association Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the name of the facility from which the patient was transferred.
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Element: 12161		Transferring Facility American Hospital Association Number
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the American Hospital Association number of the facility from which the patient was transferred.
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Element: 15466		Same ID as Parent Facility
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the transferring facility's identification number is the same as their parent organization.
	Target Value:	N/A
Element: 12531		Number of Transferring Facility Unavailable
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the number of the facility from which the patient was transferred was not available.
		Note(s): This element should only be used for international sites or for when there is not an American Hospital Association Number available.





Section: Cardiac Arrest	Parent: Diagnosis and Intersystem Care Delivery
Element: 4630	Cardiac Arrest Out of Healthcare Facility
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if a cardiac arrest event occurred outside of any healthcare facility.
	Cardiac arrest is defined as acute cardiac event documented by one of the following:
	 Ventricular fibrillation Rapid ventricular tachycardia or bradycardia rhythms with hemodynamic compromise causing loss of consciousness
	Pulseless rhythms (PEA) Asystole
	Requiring cardiopulmonary resuscitation (two or more chest compressions or open chest massage, emergency temporary pacing, pericardiocentesis, institution of ECMO, or defibrillation) and without these measures death would have almost certainly resulted.
	Note: If an event occurs that meets the above definition of cardiac arrest, code "yes" regardless of a resuscitation status of DNR/hospice/comfort care.
Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Supporting Definition:	
	"Sudden" Cardiac arrest is the sudden cessation of cardiac activity. The victim becomes unresponsive with no normal breathing and no signs of circulation. If corrective measures are not taken rapidly, this condition progresses to sudden death. Cardiac arrest should be used to signify an event as described above that is reversed, usually by CPR and/or defibrillation or cardioversion or cardiac pacing.
	Source: 2013 ACCF/AHA key data elements and definitions for measuring the clinical management and outcomes of patients with acute coronary syndromes and coronary artery disease.
Element: 4631	Cardiac Arrest Witnessed
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the out-of-hospital cardiac arrest was witnessed by another person.
	Note(s): The completion of this data element is only required for facilities seeking Chest Pain Center (CPC) Accreditation or Chest Pain Center (CPC) Certification.
Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Supporting Definition:	Cardiac Arrest Witnessed
	A witnessed arrest is one that is seen or heard by another person.
	Source: Cardiac Arrest Registry to Enhand Survival - CARES Complete Data Set for EMS, Hospital and CAD participants and Instruction for Abstracting and Coding Data Elements
Element: 12283	Bystander Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if a bystander administered cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) after cardiac arrest and prior to EMS arrival.
	Note(s): Code 'Yes' if an automated external defibrillator (AED) was used.
	A healthcare professional is a bystander if they perform CPR and are not working a scheduled shift.
Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Element: 4632	Cardiac Arrest After Arrival of Emergency Medical Services
	Indicate if the out-of-hospital cardiac arrest occurred after arrival of Emergency Medical Services (EMS).
	Cardiac arrest is defined as acute cardiac event documented by one of the following:
	 Ventricular fibrillation Rapid ventricular tachycardia or bradycardia rhythms with hemodynamic compromise causing loss of consciousness
	Pulseless rhythms (PEA) Asystole
	Requiring cardiopulmonary resuscitation (two or more chest compressions or open chest massage, emergency temporary pacing, pericardiocentesis, institution of ECMO, or defibrillation) and without these measures death would have almost certainly resulted.
	Note(s): If an event occurs that meets the above definition of cardiac arrest, code "yes" regardless of a resuscitation status of DNR/hospice/comfort care.
	The completion of this data element is only required for facilities seeking Chest Pain Center (CPC) Accreditation or Chest Pain Center (CPC) Certification.
Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility
Supporting Definition:	Cardiac Arrest After Arrival of EMS
	Patients who experience a cardiac arrest after the arrival of EMS personnel are in the best circumstances to be resuscitated by trained personnel with the equipment to provide immediate defibrillation.





Section: Cardiac Arrest		Parent: Diagnosis and Intersystem Care Delivery			
		Source: Cardiac Arrest Registry to Enhand Survival - CARES Complete Data Set for Abstracting and Coding Data Elements	for EMS, Hospital and CAD participa	nts and Instructior	
Element: 4633		First Cardiac Arrest Rhythm			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the initial out-of-hospital cardiac arrest rhythm was a shockable rhythm.			
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility			
First Cardiac Arres	st Rhythm				
Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code Syste	
Shockable	Pulseless ventr	icular arrhythmias	100013034	ACC NCD	
Not shockable			100013035	ACC NCD	
Element: 4634		First Cardiac Arrest Rhythm Unknown			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the initial out-of-hospital cardiac arrest rhythm was unknown.			
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility			
Element: 12285		Resuscitation Date and Time			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time of resuscitation (return of spontaneous circulation).			
	Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and discharge			
	Vendor Instruction:	Resuscitation Date and Time (12285) must be Less than Discharge Date and Time (10101)		
Element: 15513		Resuscitation Date and Time Unknown			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the date and time of resuscitation (return of spontaneous circulation) wa	s unknown.		
	Target Value:	N/A			
Element: 4635		Cardiac Arrest at Transferring Healthcare Facility			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient had cardiac arrest at the transferring healthcare facility prior t	o arrival at the current facility.		
		Cardiac arrest is defined as acute cardiac event documented by one of the followin	ng:		
		Ventricular fibrillation	5		
		Rapid ventricular tachycardia or bradycardia rhythms with hemodynamic compror	nise causing loss of consciousness		
		Pulseless rhythms (PEA) Asystole			
		Requiring cardiopulmonary resuscitation (two or more chest compressions or open pericardiocentesis, institution of ECMO, or defibrillation) and without these measure			
		Note: If an event occurs that meets the above definition of cardiac arrest, code "ye DNR/hospice/comfort care.	s" regardless of a resuscitation stat	us of	
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility			
	Supporting Definition:	Cardiac Arrest			
		"Sudden" Cardiac arrest is the sudden cessation of cardiac activity. The victim becorsigns of circulation. If corrective measures are not taken rapidly, this condition progused to signify an event as described above that is reversed, usually by CPR and/or	resses to sudden death. Cardiac ar	rest should be	
		Source: 2013 ACCF/AHA key data elements and definitions for measuring the clin acute coronary syndromes and coronary artery disease.			
Element: 15595		Unconscious			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient remained unconscious post-resuscitation.			
		The value on arrival at this facility			
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Section: History and Risk Factors Parent: Root Currently on Dialysis Element: 12244 Coding Instruction: Indicate if the patient is currently undergoing either hemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis on an ongoing basis as a result of renal failure. Target Value: The value on arrival at this facility Element: 12253 Prior Heart Failure Coding Instruction: Indicate if the patient has a diagnosis of heart failure. Target Value: Any occurrence between birth and arrival at first facility. Supporting Definition: Heart Failure Heart failure is a complex clinical syndrome that results from any structural or functional impairment of ventricular filling or ejection of blood. The cardinal manifestations of HF are dyspnea and fatigue, which may limit exercise tolerance, and fluid retention, which may lead to pulmonary and/or splanchnic congestion and/or peripheral edema. Some patients have exercise intolerance but little evidence of fluid retention, whereas others complain primarily of edema, dyspnea, or fatigue. Because some patients present without signs or symptoms of volume overload, the term "heart failure" is preferred over "congestive heart failure." There is no single diagnostic test for HF because it is largely a clinical diagnosis based on a careful history and physical examination. Source: 2013 ACCF/AHA Guideline for the Management of Heart Failure; J Am Coll Cardiol. 2013;62(16):e147-e239. doi:10.1016/j.jacc.2013.05.019 Element: 4615 Hypertension Coding Instruction: Indicate if the patient has a current diagnosis of hypertension. Target Value: Any occurrence between birth and arrival at this facility Element: 4625 Tobacco Use Coding Instruction: Indicate the frequency that the patient uses tobacco.

Note(s): Consider use of any tobacco product as equivalent to a cigarette for referenced definitions.

Target Value: The value on arrival at this facility

Selection	Definition		Source	Code	Code System
Never	A person who h packs) in his or	has not smoked 100 cigarettes (5 her lifetime.	The Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology; 2015 Edition Smoking status criterion (§ 170.315(a)(11))	266919005	SNOMED CT
Former		does not currently smoke tobacco but least 100 cigarettes in his or her lifetim	The Office of the National Coordinator for Health e. Information Technology; 2015 Edition Smoking status criterion (§ 170.315(a)(11))	8517006	SNOMED CT
Current	A person who r every day or or	reports currently smoking tobacco n some days.	The Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology; 2015 Edition Smoking status criterion (§170.315(a)(11))	112000003599	ACC NCDR
Unknown	A person whos not known.	e current and prior smoking status is	The Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology; 2015 Edition Smoking status criterion (§ 170.315(a)(11))	266927001	SNOMED CT
Element: 15438	3	Electronic Cigarette Use			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient has used or is c	surrently using electronic cigarettes.		
		Note Code 'No' for electronic vaping device	es that do not deliver a nicotine-containing substance.		
	Target Value:	The value on arrival at this facility			
	Supporting Definition:	Electronic Cigarette (e-Cigarette)			
			liquid containing nicotine, propylene glycol, and/or veget ales. Because e-cigarettes do not burn tobacco, they do		
			tz N, et al. 2018 ACC Expert Consensus Decision Pathw 3365. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jacc.2018.10.027	ay on Tobacco Cessati	on Treatment. J Am
Status - 1.3.6.1.4.1	.19376.1.4.1.6.5.897				
Selection	Definition		Source	Code	Code System
No				100013073	ACC NCDR
Yes				100013072	ACC NCDR





Section: History and Risk Factors		Parent: Root		
Unknown	An individual whose use of electronic cigarettes is not		261665006	SNOMED CT
	known.			





Section: Condition History

Parent: History and Risk Factors

Element: 12903 Condition History Name

Coding Instruction: The medical conditions listed in this field are controlled by the Condition History Master file. This file is maintained by the NCDR and will be made available for downloading and importing/updating into your application.

Target Value: N/A

Condition Histories - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.927

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Atrial Fibrillation			49436004	SNOMED CT
Atrial Flutter			5370000	SNOMED CT
Cancer			363346000	SNOMED CT
Dyslipidemia			370992007	SNOMED CT
Myocardial Infarction			22298006	SNOMED CT
Peripheral Arterial Disease			399957001	SNOMED CT

Element: 15510

Condition History Occurrence

Coding Instruction: Indicate if the patient has or has not had a clinical diagnosis of the indicated medical condition.

Note(s):

Code 'Yes' to 'Cancer' only when the diagnosis of cancer included treatment with one or more of the following:

1. Chemotherapy

2. Hormone therapy

3. Immunotherapy

4. Radiation therapy

Target Value: Any occurrence between birth and arrival at this facility



Element: 15437

Coder's Data Dictionary v3.1



Section: Condition History Details

Parent: History and Risk Factors

Cancer Treatment Type

Coding Instruction: Indicate if the patient has received chemotherapy, immunotherapy, hormone therapy or radiation therapy for cancer treatment.

Target Value: All values between 5 years prior to arrival and arrival at this facility

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Chemotherapy	The treatment of disease using chemical agents or drugs that are selectively toxic to the causative agent of the disease, such as a virus, bacterium, or other microorganism.		367336001	SNOMED CT
Hormone therapy	Hormone therapy is used to prevent or delay recurrence of cancer after other modalities of treatment have removed the gross primary tumor and chemotherapy or radiation therapy have treated systemic and regional micrometastases.		243125009	SNOMED CT
Immunotherapy			76334006	SNOMED CT
Radiation	Radiation therapy uses x-rays, gamma rays and other sources of radiation to destroy cancer cells.		53438000	SNOMED CT





Section: Procedure History

Parent: History and Risk Factors

Element: 12905 Procedure History Name

Coding Instruction: The procedures listed in this field are controlled by the Procedure History Master file. This file is maintained by the NCDR and will be made available for downloading and importing/updating into your application.

Target Value: N/A

Procedure History Names - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.928

Selection	Definition		Source	Code	Code System
Coronary Artery Bypass Graft	native vessels vessels (interna	y bypass graft surgery is when the of the heart are bypassed with other al mammary artery, radial artery or n) to restore normal blood flow to the onary arteries.	Cannon CP, Brindis RG, Chaitman BR, et al. 2013 ACCF>AHA Key Date Elements and Definitions for Measuring the Clinical Management and Outcomes of Patients with Acute Coronary Syndromes and Coronary Artery Disease. Circulation. 2013;127;1052- 1089.	232717009	SNOMED CT
Percutaneous Coronary Intervention	placement of an other device (e or thrombecton or coronary art	s coronary intervention (PCI) is the n angioplasty guide wire, balloon, or .g. stent, atherectomy, brachytherapy, ny catheter) into a native coronary arter tery bypass graft for the purpose of ronary revascularization.	Medline Plus, 2017 by Merriam-Webster, Incorporated	415070008	SNOMED CT
Element: 15511		Procedure History Occurrence			
Codir	ng Instruction:	Indicate if the patient has or has not ur	ndergone the indicated medical procedure.		
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between birth and an	rival at this facility		
Element: 15512		Procedure History Date			
Codir	ng Instruction:	Indicate the date the procedure was p	performed.		
		year may be estimated based on timef	s unknown, please code 01/01/YYYY. If the specific year rames found in prior medical record documentation (Exam om 2011, then the year 2011 can be utilized and coded as	ple: If the patient had	

Target Value: The last value between birth and arrival at this facility



Element: 12218



Section: Patient Assessment On Arrival

Parent: Root

Location of First Evaluation

Coding Instruction: Indicate the location where the patient was evaluated.

Target Value: The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System	
Emergency department (ED)	The patient was	first seen in the Emergency	11200000164	ACC NCD	
) (e.g., traditional ED, ED-based chest			
Cath lab	•	servational unit, etc.).	112000000165	ACC NCD	
Calliad		, cath lab procedure room) AND did not	112000000105	ACC NOD	
	•	ment (e.g., BP, ECG, etc.) in another			
	•	r to arrival in the cath lab.			
Observation unit		a direct admit to an observation unit	100013061	ACC NCD	
		/e an assessment (e.g., BP, ECG, etc.) al area prior to arrival in the observation			
	unit.				
Inpatient	The patient was	first evaluated in an inpatient unit (e.g.,	440654001	SNOMED C	
	they are an in-h	ouse STEMI).			
Other		None of the other coding options apply to the patient 100000351			
	scenario.				
Element: 12281		Heart Rate			
Co	ding Instruction:	Indicate the heart rate (beats per minute).			
	any instruction.	indicate the heart rate (beats per minute).			
		Note(s):			
		"Arrival" refers to either the time of arrival at the transferring facility or time of	of arrival at your facility.		
	Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and arrival at first facility			
Element: 12282		Systolic Blood Pressure			
		•			
Co	ding Instruction:	Indicate the systolic blood pressure (mm Hg).			
		Note(s):			
		"Arrival" refers to either the time of arrival at the transferring facility or time of	of arrival at your facility.		
	Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and arrival at first facility			
	U U				
Element: 12280		Cardiagonia Shack at First Madical Contact			
Element: 12200		Cardiogenic Shock at First Medical Contact			
Co	ding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient was in cardiogenic shock.			
		Note(s):			
		To code 'Yes' cardiogenic shock (stage C, D or E) has been diagnosed and/	or the signs/symptoms/treatments (desc	ribed below) are	
		present and determined to be secondary to cardiac dysfunction:			
		Sustalia blood pressure (CPD) loss than 00 mmHz for more than 20 minutes	and/or cordiac index loss than 2.2.1 /min	nor oquara matar fa	
		Systolic blood pressure (SBP) less than 90 mmHg for more than 30 minutes more than 30 minutes; and/or, requirement for parental inotropic or vasopres			
		extracorporeal circulation, VADs, etc.) to maintain blood pressure and cardia			
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between first medical contact and arrival at this facility			
Cumm	-				
Suppo	orang Definition:	Cardiogenic Shock		and the same of the second	
		Source: Naidu SS, Baran DA, Jentzer JC, et al. SCAI Shock stage classifica validation studies. J Am Coll of Cardiol. 2022;79(9):933-946.	tion expert consensus update: A review	and incorporation of	
		Source:			
		Source.			
E I					
Element: 12279		Heart Failure			
Co	ding Instruction:	Indicate if there is physician diagnosis of new or acute exacerbation of hear	t failure.		
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between first medical contact and arrival at this facility			
Supp	orting Definition:	Heart Failure			
Cupp		Heart failure is a complex clinical syndrome that results from any structural o	r functional impairment of ventricular filling	na or ejection of	
		blood. The cardinal manifestations of HF are dyspnea and fatigue, which ma	•	• •	
		to pulmonary and/or splanchnic congestion and/or peripheral edema. Some p	patients have exercise intolerance but litt	le evidence of fluid	
		retention, whereas others complain primarily of edema, dyspnea, or fatigue.			
		of volume overload, the term "heart failure" is preferred over "congestive hea it is largely a clinical diagnosis based on a careful history and physical exami		test for HF because	
		Source: 2013 ACCE/AHA Guideline for the Management of Heart Failure:		0	

Source: 2013 ACCF/AHA Guideline for the Management of Heart Failure; J Am Coll Cardiol. 2013;62(16):e147-e239.





Section: Patient Assessment On Arrival

Parent: Root

doi:10.1016/j.jacc.2013.05.019

Element: 15452

Canadian Study of Health and Aging (CSHA) Clinical Frailty Scale

Coding Instruction: Indicate the Canadian Study of Health and Aging (CSHA) Clinical Frailty Scale of the patient.

Target Value: The value on arrival at this facility

CSHA Clinical Frailty Score - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.338

Selection	Definition	Source Code	Code System		
1: Very fit	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 1: Very Fit - People who an robust, active, energetic and motivated. These people commonly exercise regularly. They are among the fittest for their age.		ACC NCDR		
2: Well	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 2: Well - People who have no active disease symptoms but are less fit than category 1. Often, they exercise or are very active occasionally, e.g. seasonally.	1000142383	ACC NCDR		
3: Managing well	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 3: Managing Well - People whose medical problems are well controlled, but are not regularly active beyond routine walking.	1000142384	ACC NCDR		
4: Vulnerable	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 4: Vulnerable - While not 1000142385 dependent on others for daily help, often symptoms limit activities. A common complaint is being "slowed up", and/or being tired during the day.				
5: Mildly frail	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 5: Mildly Frail - These people often have more evident slowing, and need he in high order IADLs (finances, transportation, heavy housework, medications). Typically, mild frailty progressively impairs shopping and walking outside alone, meal preparation and housework.	1000142386 Ip	ACC NCDR		
6: Moderately frail	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 6: Moderately Frail - Peopl need help with all outside activities and with keeping house. Inside, they often have problems with stairs ar need help with bathing and might need minimal assistance (cuing, standby) with dressing.		ACC NCDR		
7: Severely frail	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 7: Severely Frail - Completely dependent for personal care, from whatever cause (physical or cognitive). Even so, the seem stable and not at high risk of dying (within ~ 6 months).	1000142388	ACC NCDR		
8: Very severely frail	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 8: Very Severely Frail - Completely dependent, approaching the end of life. Typically, they could not recover even from a minor illness.	1000142389	ACC NCDR		
9: Terminally ill	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 9: Terminally III - Approaching the end of life. This category applies to people with a life expectancy <6 months, who are no otherwise evidently frail.	1000142390	ACC NCDR		
Element: 15440	Chest Pain Symptoms				

Coding Instruction: Indicate when the patient noted symptoms lasting greater than or equal to 10 minutes that prompted them to seek medical care.

Note(s): Symptoms may be expressed not only as chest "pain" but also as burning, dull, heaviness, pressure, sharp, squeezing, stabbing, tearing, tightness.

Symptoms may include jaw pain, arm pain, shortness of breath, nausea, vomiting, fatigue/malaise, or other equivalent discomfort suggestive of a myocardial infarction and/or myocardial ischemia.

Target Value: The last value 24 hours prior to First Medical Contact and discharge

Chest Pain Symptoms - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.898

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Prior to arrival			288556008	SNOMED CT
After arrival			255234002	SNOMED CT
No symptoms			LA6111-4	LOINC
Unknown			261665006	SNOMED CT

Element: 12277

Acute Coronary Syndrome Symptom Date

Coding Instruction: Indicate the date the patient noted symptoms lasting greater than or equal to 10 minutes.





Section: Patient Assessment O	n Arrival Parent: Root
Vendor Instruct	on: ACS Symptom Date and Time (12277, 12276) must be Less than or Equal to Arrival Date and Time (3001)
Element: 12276	Acute Coronary Syndrome Symptom Time
Coding Instruct	ion: Indicate the time the patient noted symptoms lasting greater than or equal to 10 minutes.
	Note(s): Indicate the time (hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (00:00 hours).
	If the symptom time is not specified in the medical record, it may be recorded as 0700 for morning; 1200 for lunchtime; 1500 for afternoon; 1800 for dinnertime; 2200 for evening and 0300 if awakened from sleep.
Target Va	
Vendor Instruct	on: Time validation is included in the Vendor Instructions for Acute Coronary Syndrome Symptom Date (12277)
Element: 15441	Time of Symptoms Prior to Arrival Unknown
Coding Instruct	ion: Indicate if the time that the patient experienced symptoms is unknown.
Target Va	lue: N/A
Element: 15443	Chest Pain Symptoms Date (After Arrival)
Coding Instruct	ion: Indicate the date the patient noted symptoms lasting greater than or equal to 10 minutes (for patients who have a STEMI setting of In- Hospital).
	Note(s): Symptoms may be expressed not only as chest "pain" but also as burning, dull, heaviness, pressure, sharp, squeezing, stabbing, tearing, tightness.
	Symptoms may include jaw pain, arm pain, shortness of breath, nausea, vomiting, fatigue/malaise, or other equivalent discomfort suggestive of a myocardial infarction and/or myocardial ischemia.
Target Va	lue: The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge
Element: 15505	Chest Pain Symptoms Time (After Arrival)
Coding Instruct	ion: Indicate the time the patient noted symptoms lasting greater than or equal to 10 minutes.
	Note(s): Indicate the time (hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (00:00 hours).
	If the symptom time is not specified in the medical record, it may be recorded as 0700 for morning; 1200 for lunchtime; 1500 for afternoon; 1800 for dinnertime; 2200 for evening and 0300 if awakened from sleep.
Target Va	lue: The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge
Element: 15442	Time of Symptoms After Arrival Unknown
Coding Instruct	ion: Indicate if the time that the patient experienced symptoms is unknown.
Target Va	lue: N/A





Section: Electroc	ardiogram	Parent: Patient Assessment On Arrival
Element: 12286		Electrocardiogram Counter
	Coding Instruction:	The software assigned electrocardiogram (ECG) counter should start at 1 and be incremented by one for each ECG obtained between first medical contact and discharge.
		Note(s): The ECG counter number should be assigned sequentially in ascending order. Do not skip numbers.
	Target Value:	N/A
	Vendor Instruction:	Multiple ECG Counters (12286) must be in chronological order, earliest to latest, based on ECG Date and Time (12278)
Element: 12278		Electrocardiogram Date and Time
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time of the 12-lead electrocardiogram (ECG).
		Note(s): Enter the first 3 consecutive electrocardiograms (entered in chronological order), and the first STEMI positive ECG (if STEMI was not demonstrated on one of the first three ECGs).
		Only values collected between first medical contact and discharge are accepted.
		The date/time of the 12-lead ECG with a reading can be documented in the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) record, a physical copy of the 12-lead ECG is not required.
		Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (0000 hours).
	Target Value:	N/A
	Vendor Instruction:	Electrocardiogram Date and Time (12278) must be Less than Discharge Date and Time (10101)
		Electrocardiogram Date and Time (12278) should be Less than or Equal to Electrocardiogram Read Date and Time (15444)
Element: 15444		Electrocardiogram Read Date and Time
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the ECG was read (interpreted) by a physician or an advanced practice provider.
		Note(s): This is the initial 'STEMI' vs. 'Not a STEMI' read (i.e., preliminary ED read), and used to determine if the encounter is an emergency or not. Cardiology over-read is not the focus of this data element.
		Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (0000 hours).
	Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and discharge
Element: 12300		STEMI or STEMI Equivalent First Noted
Element: 12300	Coding Instruction:	STEMI or STEMI Equivalent First Noted Indicate if a STEMI or STEMI equivalent was noted on the ECG.



Parent: Patient Assessment On Arrival



Section: Cardiac Troponin

Element: 15446		Troponin Not Drawn		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the troponin was not drawn.		
	Target Value:	N/A		
Element: 15456		Troponin Protocol		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the troponin protocol utilized by your facility.		
		Note(s): Select the hourly increment identified in the hospital's troponin protocol.		
	Target Value:	The hourly increment is not coded on when the troponin specimen was actually obtained and/or res The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge	suited.	
Troponin Protocol Selection	Used - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376. Definition	1.4.1.6.5.902 Source	Code	Code System
	Definition	Source	Code 401303003	,
Selection	Definition The patient has limited troponin The protocol sp	Source been diagnosed with STEMI by ECG, as drawn.		SNOMED CT
STEMI 0-1 hour	Definition The patient has limited troponin The protocol sp 1 hour after the The protocol sp	Source is been diagnosed with STEMI by ECG, as drawn. pecifies the second specimen be drawn initial specimen.	401303003	SNOMED CT ACC NCDR
Selection STEMI 0-1 hour 0-2 hours	Definition The patient has limited troponin The protocol sp 1 hour after the The protocol sp 2 hours after the	Source s been diagnosed with STEMI by ECG, as drawn. pecifies the second specimen be drawn 1112 s initial specimen. pecifies the second specimen be drawn 112 pecifies the second specimen be drawn	401303003	SNOMED CT ACC NCDR ACC NCDR
STEMI	Definition The patient has limited troponin The protocol sp 1 hour after the The protocol sp 2 hours after th The protocol sp 3 hours after th	Source is been diagnosed with STEMI by ECG, is drawn. pecifies the second specimen be drawn e initial specimen. pecifies the second specimen be drawn te initial specimen.	401303003 2000003563 2000003564	Code System SNOMED CT ACC NCDR ACC NCDR ACC NCDR ACC NCDR





Section: Tropon	in	Parent: Cardiac Troponin		
Element: 12255		Troponin Counter		
	Coding Instruction:	The software assigned Troponin counter should start at 1 and be incremented by one for each Trop between first medical contact and discharge.	conin Lab collected	and resulted
		Note(s): The Troponin counter number should be assigned sequentially in ascending order. Do not skip num	bers.	
	Target Value:	N/A		
	Vendor Instruction:	Multiple Troponin Counters (12255) must be in chronological order, earliest to latest, based on Tropo	nin Collected Date a	and Time (12405)
Element: 12405		Troponin Collected Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the troponin was collected.		
		Note(s): The registry expectation is that each patient record will include the first 3 consecutive troponin result already provided).	Ilts and the peak tro	ponin (if not
		Only values collected between first medical contact and discharge are accepted.		
		Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at mic	lnight (0000 hours).	
	Target Value:	N/A		
	Vendor Instruction:	Troponin Collected Date and Time (12405) must be Less than Troponin Resulted Date and Time (12405)	406)	
		Troponin Collected Date and Time (12405) must be Less than Discharge Date and Time (10101)		
		Troponin Collected Date and Time (12405) must be Greater than the earliest of the following elemer Time (12426), Arrival Date and Time (3001), Emergency Medical Services First Medical Contact Date		e Facility Date and
Element: 12406		Troponin Resulted Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time of the troponin value result.		
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between first medical contact and discharge		
	Vendor Instruction:	Troponin Resulted Date and Time (12406) must be Less than Discharge Date and Time (10101)		
		Troponin Resulted Date and Time (12406) must be Greater than the earliest of the following elemen Time (12426), Arrival Date and Time (3001), Emergency Medical Services First Medical Contact Date		Facility Date and
Element: 12544		Troponin Test Location		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the blood sample was run on a point of care (POC) troponin assay or on a central laboration	tory troponin assay.	
		Note(s):		
	Torget Value	The location of the machine is not captured, please indicate the troponin assay type.		
	-	Any occurrence between first medical contact and discharge		
Froponin Test Locat Selection	tion Definition	Source	Code	Code Syster
_ab			200000387	ACC NCD
200		112	200000388	ACC NCD
Element: 12409		Lab Troponin Assay and URL		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the troponin assay used for the troponin sample that was processed in the laboratory.		
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between first medical contact and discharge		
Element: 12543		Point of Care Troponin Assay and URL		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the troponin assay used for the troponin sample that was processed at the point of care.		
		Any occurrence between first medical contact and discharge		
Element: 15558		Troponin Value		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the troponin value with the appropriate unit of measure.		
	-	Any occurrence between first medical contact and discharge		
	-	•		





Section: Cath La	ab Activation	Parent: Patient Assessment On Arri	val	
Element: 12333		Catheterization Laboratory Activated		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the catheterization laboratory was activated due to a patient need for a primary PC	CI.	
	-	The first value between first medical contact and current procedure		
	Target Value.			
lement: 12334		Catheterization Laboratory Activated Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the catheterization laboratory was activated due to a patient need	for a primary PCI.	
		Note(s): Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, I	beginning at midnight (00	00 hours).
	Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and current procedure		
	Vendor Instruction:	Catheterization Laboratory Activated Date and Time (12334) must be Less than First Device	Activation Date and Time	(7845)
Element: 15447		Catheterization Laboratory Activation Initiated By		
	Coding Instruction:			
	Coding instruction:	Indicate who activated the cath lab for a presumed STEMI case.		
		Note(s): The completion of this data element is only required for facilities seeking Chest Pain Center (C (CPC) Certification.	CPC) Accreditation or Che	est Pain Center
	Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and current procedure		
	le - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.			
election	Definition	Source	Code	Code Syste
mergency medicine			773568002	SNOMED (
ardiology			394579002	SNOMED (
ther			100000351	ACC NCE
lement: 15448		PCI Operator Arrival Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the PCI operator arrived at the cath lab for a presumed STEMI case	е.	
		Note(s): The completion of this data element is only required for facilities seeking Chest Pain Center (C (CPC) Certification.	CPC) Accreditation or Che	est Pain Center
	Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and current procedure		
Element: 15449		Catheterization Laboratory Staff Arrival Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time when the full complement of staff (as defined by the facility) were	e present in the cath lab.	
		Note(s): The completion of this data element is only required for facilities seeking Chest Pain Center (CPC) Accreditation or Che	est Pain Center
	Target Value:	(CPC) Certification. The first value between first medical contact and current procedure		
Element: 12431		Catheterization Laboratory Activation Canceled		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the cath lab activation was canceled after being activated.		
	•	The first value between first medical contact and discharge		
Element: 15450		Catheterization Laboratory Activation Cancelled by		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate who cancelled the cath procedure previously activated for a presumed STEMI.		
		Note(s): The completion of this data element is only required for facilities seeking Chest Pain Center (C (CPC) Certification.	CPC) Accreditation or Che	est Pain Center
	Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and discharge		
pecialty Responsib	le - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.	4.1.6.5.899		
election	Definition	Source	Code	Code Syste
mergency medicine			773568002	SNOMED (

SelectionDefinitionSourceCodeCode SystemEmergency medicine773568002SNOMED CTCardiology394579002SNOMED CTOther100000351ACC NCDR





Section: Risk St		Parent: Patient Evaluation		
Element: 15453		Risk Stratification		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the patient's risk documented according to the risk stratification tool utilized.		
		Note(s): If a range is reported (i.e., intermediate-high or TIMI 2-3), code the highest value.		
	Torget Volue			
	Target value:	The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge		
	mia - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1			
Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Low			100013097	ACC NCD
Intermediate	If the name of t value is provide in the following TIM: 3-5 GRACE: 109-14 HEART: 4-6 Modified HEAR clinician		100013098	ACC NCD
High	value is provide following range TIM: >=6 GRACE: >140 HEART: 7-10 Modified HEAR clinician	he risk score used is known and the ed, code high risk if the value is in the : T: non-low risk >= 4, confirm with w risk >=16, confirm with clinician	100000584	ACC NCD
Element: 15454		Risk Stratification Not Documented		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate that a risk stratification was not documented.		
	Target Value:	Note: If the risk stratification was conducted and acted upon, yet not documented in the medic	al record, code Not Do	cumented.
Element: 15479		Risk Stratification Performed at Transferring Facility		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the risk stratification was performed at the transferring facility.		
	Target Value:	The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge		
Element: 15480		Risk Assessment Tool		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the name or type of risk score documented.		
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between arrival at this facility and discharge		
	ethod - 1.3.6.1.4.1.1937			
Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code Syster
TIMI risk score	presence of 7 v for each of the equal to 65 yea factors for CAD or equal to 50% equal to 2 angin aspirin in prior biomarkers. The	Antman EM, Cohen M, Bernink PJ, et al. The TIMI risk ariables at admission; 1 point is given following variables: greater than or so fage; greater than or equal to 3 risk making. JAMA. 2000;284:835-8 b; prior coronary stenosis greater than or al events in prior 24 hours; use of 7 days; and elevated cardiac e TIMI risk index is useful in predicting 30 rmortality in patients with NSTE-ACS.	112000000191	ACC NCD
GRACE risk score	The GRACE ris discharge mort data from age,	k score predicts in-hospital and post ality or myocardial infarction. It derives development (or history) of heart al vascular disease, systolic blood syndrome: prospective multinational observational	112000000192	ACC NCD

syndrome: prospective multinational observational

study (GRACE). BMJ. 2006;333:1091.10

failure, peripheral vascular disease, systolic blood

concentration, elevated initial cardiac biomarkers,

pressure, Killip class, initial serum creatinine





Section: Risk Stratific	cation	Parent: Patient Evaluation		
	cardiac arrest on admission, and ST-segment deviation. The sum of scores is applied to a reference nomogram to determine all-cause mortality from hospital discharge to 6 months.			
HEART risk score	The HEART risk score is a clinical risk tool for rapid stratification of patients with chest pain. The score is composed of 5 components: history, ECG, age, risk factors and troponin. Each of these components may be scored with 0, 1, or 2 points with a maximum score of 10 points. Patients are categorized as: low risk (HEART less than or equal to 3), intermediate risk (HEART 4–6), and high risk (HEART greater than or equal to 7).	Six AJ, Backus BE, Kelder JC. Chest pain in the emergency room: value of the HEART score. Neth Heart J. 2008;16:191-196.12	112000000193	ACC NCDR
HEAR risk score		Smith LM, Ashburn NP, Snavely AC, et al. Identification of very low-risk acute chest pain patients without troponin testing. Emerg Med J. 2020;37:690-695.44	112000003554	ACC NCDR
EDACS risk score	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11200000232	ACC NCDR
NOTR Risk Score	The NOTR risk score identifies patients who are at low risk of ACS and could be discharged without further cardiac testing. The NOTR uses cardiac risk factors, history of MI or CAD, age, serial troponin measures, and a non-ischemic ECG (no ST depression or T-wave inversion in >1 contiguous lead).	decision rule to identify emergency department patients at low risk for acute coronary syndrome who do not need objective coronary artery disease testing: the no	112000003567	ACC NCDR
Element: 15516	Risk Assessment Tool Not Docu	mented		

Coding Instruction: Indicate if the risk stratification tool used was not documented.

Target Value: Any occurrence between arrival at this facility and discharge





Section: Prior Testing

Parent: Patient Evaluation

Element: 15457		Functional Test Results
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the results of the functional imaging and/or stress test.
		Note(s): Functional imaging tests may include:

Note(s): Functional imaging tests may include: Exercise stress test Echocardiogram Nuclear - PET and/or SPECT Cardiac magnetic resonance (CMR)

Target Value: Any occurrence between 1 year prior to arrival at this facility and arrival at this facility

Stress Test Result - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.714

Selection	Definition	Source Cod	de Code System
Selection Negative	Definition Stress Test: Exercise Stress Test (w/o imaging) • A stress test is negative when the electrocardiogram (ECG) is normal or not suggestive of ischemia. ECGs are not suggestive of ischemia when < 1 mm of horizontal or downsloping ST-segment depression or elevation for >= 60-80 milliseconds after the end of the QRS complex, either during or after exercise. Stress Test: Stress Echocardiogram • The imaging study was normal. There was no chang in wall motion during the procedure. Stress Test: Stress Nuclear • The results of the imaging study revealed no myocardial perfusion defects.	1000130	
	Stress Test: Stress Imaging with CMR • The results of the imaging study revealed no myocardial perfusion defects.		
Positive	Stress Test: Exercise Stress Test (w/o imaging) • A stress test is positive when the electrocardiogram (ECG) suggests ischemia. ECGs suggestive of ischemia can be described as having >= 1 mm of horizontal or downsloping ST-segment depression or elevation for >= 60-80 milliseconds after the end of the QRS complex, either during or after exercise. It is also be suggestive of ischemia if the patient had symptoms of ischemia (i.e.chest pain), arrhythmias, and/or a fall i blood pressure during or immediately after the procedure.	1000130 [,]	93 ACC NCDR
	Stress Test: Stress Echocardiogram • The imaging study was abnormal. There were changes that reflected wall motion abnormalities during the procedure. Stress Test: Stress Nuclear		
	 The result of the imaging study revealed one or more stress-induced myocardial perfusion defects. Stress Test: Stress Imaging with CMR The result of the imaging study revealed one or more stress-induced myocardial perfusion defects. 		
Indeterminate	The results of the study were uninterpretable. They	1000130	94 ACC NCDR
Unavailable	cannot be considered to be positive or negative.	1000006	
Not performed	The results of the study were not available.	1000006 1120000011	
Element: 15458	Anatomical Imaging Results		
	Coding Instruction: Indicate the results of the anatomical in	naging.	
	- Note(s): Anatomical imaging includes:		

Anatomical imaging includes: Cardiac CTA Diagnostic Cath

Target Value: Last value between 2 years prior to arrival at this facility and arrival at this facility

Anatomical Imaging Result - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.903





Section: Prior Test	ing	Parent: Patient Eval	uation	
Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
No CAD	The prior anatomical test indicates the patient ha coronary arteries, no disease identified in any >2 native or graft vessel.		408573005	SNOMED CT
CAD	Coronary atherosclerotic disease was identified least one >2mm native or graft vessel.	in at	53741008	SNOMED CT
Unavailable	A prior anatomical imaging test was performed, results are not available.	the test	100000646	ACC NCDR
Not performed	Code 'Not Performed' if the only prior anatomical imaging was a coronary angiography at the transferring facility.		262008008	SNOMED CT
Element: 15459	Coronary Artery Disease T	уре		

Coding Instruction: Indicate the type of coronary artery disease diagnosed by prior anatomical imaging.

Target Value: Last value between 2 years prior to arrival at this facility and arrival at this facility

Type of Coronary Artery Disease - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.904

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Non-obstructive	Non-obstructive disease (disease <50% in all coronar vessels and left main disease <50%)	у	719678003	SNOMED CT
	Note: Only disease found in vessels >=2mm is captured unless a vessel <2mm is intended for PCI and/or the patient's overall coronary anatomy is <2mm	1		
Moderate	Moderate disease (disease 50-69% in any coronary vessel defined as: LAD and any of its branches, LCX and any of its branches, RCA and any of its branches a true RAMUS branch >2 mm, any bypass graft and le main disease <50%)	5,	112000003539	ACC NCDR
	Note: Only disease found in vessels >=2mm is captured unless a vessel <2mm is intended for PCI and/or the patient's overall coronary anatomy is <2mm	1		
Obstructive	Obstructive coronary atherosclerotic disease is disease >=70% in any coronary vessel defined as: LAD and any of its branches, LCX and any of its branches, RCA and any of its branches, a true RAMU branch >2 mm, any bypass graft and/or left main disease >=50%.	S	26036001	SNOMED CT
	Note: Only disease found in vessels >=2mm is captured unless a vessel <2mm is intended for PCI and/or the patient's overall coronary anatomy is <2mm	ı.		
Unknown			261665006	SNOMED CT





	asive Testing	Parent: Patient Eval	uation	
Element: 15460		Shared Decision Making Tool		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicated if the health care provider shared evidence-based information a the patient's values and preferences in the decision making process for	•	ole and considered
		Note(s): To code 'yes', the use of online modules, decision aids, or video understanding of the risks and benefits of various therapies and suppor well equipped to participate in the treatment decision.	•	••••••
	Target Value:	The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge		
Element: 15469		Ischemia Evaluation Performed		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if testing with a stress component was performed.		
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between arrival at this facility and discharge		
Test Administration - Selection	- 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1 Definition	.6.5.925 Source	Code	Codo Svoto
Yes	The test was co		100013072	Code System ACC NCD
No - No reason	The test was no	t completed. There is neither a medical tient reason documented explaining	112000000195	ACC NCD
No - Medical reason	documentation	t completed. There is clear of a reason related to the patient's r concern explaining why it was not	11200000199	ACC NCD
No - Patient reason	documentation	t completed. There is clear of a reason related to the patient's preference explaining why it was not	11200000197	ACC NCD
Element: 15470		Ischemia Evaluation Method		
Ischemia Assessmer Selection	nt Method - 1.3.6.1.4.1. Definition	19376.1.4.1.6.5.911 Source	Code	Code Syster
Exercise Stress Test (165079009	
	w/o			SNOMED (
			46136006	
Stress Echocardiogram	١		46136006 466414006	SNOMED C
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPEC	١		466414006	SNOMED C
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET	١			SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET	١	Ischemia Evaluation Ordered Date and Time	466414006 82918005	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET Stress CMR	۲ ۲	Ischemia Evaluation Ordered Date and Time Indicate the date and time the imaging with stress was ordered.	466414006 82918005	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET Stress CMR	۲ ۲		466414006 82918005 58750-1	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET Stress CMR	T Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the imaging with stress was ordered.	466414006 82918005 58750-1	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET Stress CMR Element: 15579	T Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the imaging with stress was ordered. Note: If more than one test was ordered at your hospital, note the date a	466414006 82918005 58750-1	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET Stress CMR Element: 15579	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the imaging with stress was ordered. Note: If more than one test was ordered at your hospital, note the date a The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge	466414006 82918005 58750-1	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET Stress CMR	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the imaging with stress was ordered. Note: If more than one test was ordered at your hospital, note the date a The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge Ischemia Evaluation Performed Date and Time	466414006 82918005 58750-1 nd time of the first imaging with stress.	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C LOIN
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET Stress CMR Element: 15579	Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the imaging with stress was ordered. Note: If more than one test was ordered at your hospital, note the date a The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge Ischemia Evaluation Performed Date and Time Indicate the date and time of the imaging with stress.	466414006 82918005 58750-1 nd time of the first imaging with stress.	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C LOIN
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET Stress CMR Element: 15579 Element: 15471	Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the imaging with stress was ordered. Note: If more than one test was ordered at your hospital, note the date a The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge Ischemia Evaluation Performed Date and Time Indicate the date and time of the imaging with stress. Note: If more than one test was performed at your hospital, note the date	466414006 82918005 58750-1 nd time of the first imaging with stress.	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C LOIN
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET Stress CMR Element: 15579 Element: 15471	Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value:	Indicate the date and time the imaging with stress was ordered. Note: If more than one test was ordered at your hospital, note the date a The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge Ischemia Evaluation Performed Date and Time Indicate the date and time of the imaging with stress. Note: If more than one test was performed at your hospital, note the date The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge	466414006 82918005 58750-1 nd time of the first imaging with stress.	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C LOIN
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET Stress CMR Element: 15579	Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value: Target Value:	Indicate the date and time the imaging with stress was ordered. Note: If more than one test was ordered at your hospital, note the date a The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge Ischemia Evaluation Performed Date and Time Indicate the date and time of the imaging with stress. Note: If more than one test was performed at your hospital, note the date The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge Ischemia Assessment Results	466414006 82918005 58750-1 nd time of the first imaging with stress.	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C LOIN
Stress Echocardiogram Stress Nuclear - SPECT Stress Nuclear - PET Stress CMR Element: 15579 Element: 15471 Element: 15472	Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value: Result - 1.3.6.1.4.1.193	Indicate the date and time the imaging with stress was ordered. Note: If more than one test was ordered at your hospital, note the date a The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge Ischemia Evaluation Performed Date and Time Indicate the date and time of the imaging with stress. Note: If more than one test was performed at your hospital, note the date The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge Ischemia Assessment Results Indicate the results of the stress component. The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge 76.1.4.1.6.5.907	466414006 82918005 58750-1 nd time of the first imaging with stress.	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C LOIN
Element: 15471 Element: 15472	Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value: Result - 1.3.6.1.4.1.193 Definition	Indicate the date and time the imaging with stress was ordered. Note: If more than one test was ordered at your hospital, note the date a The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge Ischemia Evaluation Performed Date and Time Indicate the date and time of the imaging with stress. Note: If more than one test was performed at your hospital, note the date The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge Ischemia Assessment Results Indicate the results of the stress component. The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge	466414006 82918005 58750-1 nd time of the first imaging with stress.	SNOMED C SNOMED C SNOMED C LOIN formed.





Section: Non-Invasive Testing		Parent: Patient Evaluation	
	are not suggestive of ischemia when < 1 mm of horizontal or downsloping ST-segment depression or elevation for >= 60-80 milliseconds after the end of the QRS complex, either during or after exercise.		
	Stress Test: Stress Echocardiogram • The imaging study was normal. There was no change in wall motion during the procedure.		
	Stress Test: Stress Nuclear • The results of the imaging study revealed no myocardial perfusion defects.		
	Stress Test: Stress Imaging with CMR • The results of the imaging study revealed no myocardial perfusion defects.		
Positive	 Stress Test: Exercise Stress Test (w/o imaging) A stress test is positive when the electrocardiogram (ECG) suggests ischemia. ECGs suggestive of ischemia can be described as having >= 1 mm of horizontal or downsloping ST-segment depression or elevation for >= 60-80 milliseconds after the end of the QRS complex, either during or after exercise. It is also be suggestive of ischemia if the patient had symptoms of ischemia (i.e.chest pain), arrhythmias, and/or a fall in blood pressure during or immediately after the procedure. 	100013093	ACC NCDR
	Stress Test: Stress Echocardiogram • The imaging study was abnormal. There were changes that reflected wall motion abnormalities during the procedure.		
	Stress Test: Stress Nuclear • The result of the imaging study revealed one or more stress-induced myocardial perfusion defects.		
	Stress Test: Stress Imaging with CMR • The result of the imaging study revealed one or more stress-induced myocardial perfusion defects.		
Indeterminate	The results of the study were uninterpretable. They cannot be considered to be positive or negative.	100013094	ACC NCDR
Element: 15581	Cardiac Computed Tomography An	giography (CTA) Performed	
	coding Instruction: Indicate if cardiac computed tomography a	ngiography (CTA) was performed.	
	Target Value: Any occurrence between arrival at this fac	sility and discharge	

Test Administration - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.925

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Yes	The test was co	ompleted.	100013072	ACC NCDR
No - No reason	reason nor a pa	The test was not completed. There is neither a medical reason nor a patient reason documented explaining why it was not done.		ACC NCDR
No - Medical reason	documentation	The test was not completed. There is clear documentation of a reason related to the patient's medical issue or concern explaining why it was not done.		ACC NCDR
No - Patient reason	documentation	documentation of a reason related to the patient's and/or family's preference explaining why it was not		ACC NCDR
Element: 15580		Cardiac Computed Tomography Angiography (CTA) Ordered	Date and Time	
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the cardiac CTA was ordered.		
		Note: If more than one cardiac CTA was ordered at your hospital, note the	he date and time of the first test.	
	Target Value:	The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge		
Element: 15582		Cardiac Computed Tomography Angiography (CTA) Performe	ed Date and Time	
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the cardiac CTA was performed.		
		Note: If more than one cardiac CTA was performed at your hospital, note	e the date and time of the first test.	





Section: Non-Invasive Testing

Parent: Patient Evaluation

Element: 15473

Cardiac Computed Tomography Angiography (CTA) Results

Coding Instruction: Indicate the results of the cardiac computerized tomographic angiography (CTA) performed.

 Target Value:
 The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge

Cardiac CTA result - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.908

Selection	Definition	Source Code	Code System
No CAD	The patient has clear coronary arteries, no disease identified in any >2mm native or graft vessel.	699196002	SNOMED CT
Non-obstructive CAD	Non-obstructive disease (disease <50% in all coronar vessels and left main disease <50%)	y 719678003	SNOMED CT
	Note: Only disease found in vessels >=2mm is captured unless a vessel <2mm is intended for PCI and/or the patient's overall coronary anatomy is <2mm		
Moderate CAD	Moderate disease (disease 50-69% in any coronary vessel defined as: LAD and any of its branches, LCX and any of its branches, RCA and any of its branches a true RAMUS branch >2 mm, any bypass graft and le main disease <50%)		ACC NCDR
	Note: Only disease found in vessels >=2mm is captured unless a vessel <2mm is intended for PCI and/or the patient's overall coronary anatomy is <2mm		
Obstructive CAD	Obstructive coronary atherosclerotic disease is disease >=70% in any coronary vessel defined as: LAD and any of its branches, LCX and any of its branches, RCA and any of its branches, a true RAMUS branch >2 mm, any bypass graft and/or left main disease >=50%.	26036001 S	SNOMED CT
	Note: Only disease found in vessels >=2mm is captured unless a vessel <2mm is intended for PCI and/or the patient's overall coronary anatomy is <2mm		


Section: Emergency Department Disposition

Parent: Patient Evaluation

Element: 12362

Emergency Department Disposition

Coding Instruction: Indicate where the patient went from the Emergency Department.

Target Value: The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge

Emergency Department Disposition - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.919

Selection	Definition		Source	Code	Code System	
Observation	Observation o	ders were written.		100013061	ACC NCDR	
Inpatient	Admission ord	ers were written.	ACC	440654001	SNOMED CT	
Discharged	The patient wa	s discharged from the hospital.		309039003	SNOMED CT	
Element: 12361		Transferred out of Emerge	ency Department Date and Tin	ne		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the p another acute care center.	patient was moved out of the emerg	ency department, either to another location within y	our facility or to	
		Note(s): Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (0000 hours).				
	Target Value:	: The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge				
	Vendor Instruction:	Transferred out of Emergency Department Date and Time (12361) must be Less than or Equal to Discharge Date and Time (10101)				
Element: 12417		Observation Order Date an	nd Time			
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time that	the observation bed order was writ	ten.		
		Note(s): Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/y	vyyy hours:minutes) using the militar	ry 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (0000 hours)		
	Target Value:	The first value between arrival	at this facility and discharge			
	Vendor Instruction:	Observation Order Date and Tir	me (12417) must be Greater than A	rrival Date and Time (3001)		
		Observation Order Date and Tir	me (12417) must be Less than Disc	harge Date and Time (10101)		
		Observation Order Date and Tir	me (12417) must be Less than Adm	ission Date and Time (12217)		





Section: Home Medications Parent: Home Medications Element: 12297 Home Medication Code

Coding Instruction: The medications listed in this field are controlled by the Medication Master file. This file is maintained by the NCDR and will be made available for downloading and importing/updating into your application.

Target Value: N/A

Vendor Instruction: A Home Medication Code (12297) should not be duplicated in an episode

Home Medications - 2.16.840.1.113883.3.3478.6.5.302

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Prasugrel			613391	RxNorm

Element: 12359

Home Medication Prescribed

Coding Instruction: Indicate if the medication was previously prescribed.

Note(s):

Code 'Yes' if the medication was prescribed, regardless of the patient's compliance in taking the medication.

Target Value: Any occurrence between 2 weeks prior to first medical contact and first medical contact

Vendor Instruction: When a Home Medication Code (12297) is selected, Home Medication Prescribed (12359) cannot be Null

Home Meds Administered

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
No			100013073	ACC NCDR
Yes			100013072	ACC NCDR





Section: Arrival Medications Parent: Arrival Medications Element: 12430 Arrival Medication Code Coding Instruction: The medications listed in this field are controlled by the Medication Master file. This file is maintained by the NCDR and will be made available for downloading and importing/updating into your application. Target Value: N/A Vendor Instruction: An Arrival Medication Code (12430) should not be duplicated in an episode Arrival Medications - 2.16.840.1.113883.3.3478.6.5.303 Selection Definition Code Code System Source Aspirin (Any) 1191 RxNorm Element: 12355 Medications Administered on Arrival Coding Instruction: Indicate if the medication (or any medication in the class), was taken by the patient. Note(s): Code 'Yes' if the patient took the medication as directed by a healthcare professional or of their own accord, and this is documented in the medical record. Code 'Contraindicated' if the patient refused to take the recommended medication. Target Value: The first value between 24 hours before and after arrival Vendor Instruction: When an Arrival Medication Code (12430) is selected, Medications Administered on Arrival (12355) cannot be Null Pre-Procedure Y/N/C Medication Administration Selection Definition Code System Source Code No ACC NCDR 100013073 Yes 100013072 ACC NCDR Contraindicated A contraindication is a specific situation in which a 100013074 ACC NCDR drug should not be used because a clinician deems it may be harmful to the patient. Examples include allergy, adverse drug interaction, comorbid condition, pregnancy.





Section: Initial Creatinine	Parent: Labs
Element: 12256	Initial Creatinine
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the initial creatinine value in mg/dL.
	Note(s): This may include point of care (POC) assay results or results obtained prior to arrival at this facility.
	The lab value is entered as documented in the medical record, i.e., enter the string of numbers sequentially to the point where the tool n longer accepts the number. Lab values are not altered.
Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and discharge
Supporting Definition:	Creatinine
	Creatinine or creatine anhydride, is a breakdown product of creatine phosphate in muscle. The loss of water molecule from creatine results in the formation of creatinine. It is transferred to the kidneys by blood plasma, whereupon it is eliminated by glomerular filtration and partial tubular excretion. Creatinine is usually produced at a fairly constant rate and measuring its serum level is a simple test. A ris in blood creatinine levels is observed only with marked damage to functioning nephrons; therefore this test is not suitable for detecting early kidney disease. Creatine and creatinine are metabolized in the kidneys, muscle, liver and pancreas.
	Source: http://s.details.loinc.org/LOINC/2160-0.html?sections=Simple
Element: 15531	Initial Creatinine Not Drawn
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the creatinine was not drawn.
Target Value:	N/A
Supporting Definition:	Creatinine
	Creatinine or creatine anhydride, is a breakdown product of creatine phosphate in muscle. The loss of water molecule from creatine results in the formation of creatinine. It is transferred to the kidneys by blood plasma, whereupon it is eliminated by glomerular filtration and partial tubular excretion. Creatinine is usually produced at a fairly constant rate and measuring its serum level is a simple test. A ris in blood creatinine levels is observed only with marked damage to functioning nephrons; therefore this test is not suitable for detecting early kidney disease. Creatine and creatinine are metabolized in the kidneys, muscle, liver and pancreas.
	Source: http://s.details.loinc.org/LOINC/2160-0.html?sections=Simple





Section: Peak Creatinine	Parent: Labs		
Element: 12259	Peak Creatinine		
Coding Instructio	n: Indicate the peak creatinine value in mg/dL.		
	Note(s): If only one creatinine was drawn, use that value for both the initial and the peak value.		
	The lab value is entered as documented in the medical record, i.e., enter the string of numbers sequentially to the point where the tool no longer accepts the number. Lab values are not altered.		
Target Valu	e: The highest value between first medical contact and discharge		
Supporting Definitio	n: Creatinine		
	Creatinine or creatine anhydride, is a breakdown product of creatine phosphate in muscle. The loss of water molecule from creatine results in the formation of creatinine. It is transferred to the kidneys by blood plasma, whereupon it is eliminated by glomerular filtration and partial tubular excretion. Creatinine is usually produced at a fairly constant rate and measuring its serum level is a simple test. A rise in blood creatinine levels is observed only with marked damage to functioning nephrons; therefore this test is not suitable for detecting early kidney disease. Creatine and creatinine are metabolized in the kidneys, muscle, liver and pancreas.		
	Source: http://s.details.loinc.org/LOINC/2160-0.html?sections=Simple		
Element: 15534	Peak Creatinine Not Drawn		
Coding Instructio	n: Indicate if the creatinine was not drawn.		
Target Valu	e: N/A		
Supporting Definitio	n: Creatinine		
	Creatinine or creatine anhydride, is a breakdown product of creatine phosphate in muscle. The loss of water molecule from creatine results in the formation of creatinine. It is transferred to the kidneys by blood plasma, whereupon it is eliminated by glomerular filtration and partial tubular excretion. Creatinine is usually produced at a fairly constant rate and measuring its serum level is a simple test. A ris in blood creatinine levels is observed only with marked damage to functioning nephrons; therefore this test is not suitable for detecting early kidney disease. Creatine and creatinine are metabolized in the kidneys, muscle, liver and pancreas.		
	Source: http://s.details.loinc.org/LOINC/2160-0.html?sections=Simple		
Element: 12260	Peak Creatinine Date and Time		
Coding Instructio	n: Indicate the date and time of the peak creatinine value.		
	Note(s): When there are two or more identical 'peak' values, code the date and time of the first sample drawn.		
Target Valu	e: The highest value between first medical contact and discharge		
Supporting Definitio	n: Creatinine		
	Creatinine or creatine anhydride, is a breakdown product of creatine phosphate in muscle. The loss of water molecule from creatine results in the formation of creatinine. It is transferred to the kidneys by blood plasma, whereupon it is eliminated by glomerular filtration and partial tubular excretion. Creatinine is usually produced at a fairly constant rate and measuring its serum level is a simple test. A ris in blood creatinine levels is observed only with marked damage to functioning nephrons; therefore this test is not suitable for detecting early kidney disease. Creatine and creatinine are metabolized in the kidneys, muscle, liver and pancreas.		
	Source: http://s.details.loinc.org/LOINC/2160-0.html?sections=Simple		
Vendor Instructio	n: Peak Creatinine Date and Time (12260) must be Less than Discharge Date and Time (10101)		
	Peak Creatinine Date and Time (12260) must be Greater than or Equal to the minimum of (Arrival at Outside Facility Date and Time (12426), Arrival Date and Time (3001), Emergency Medical Services First Medical Contact Date and Time (12197))		





Section: Initial Hemoglobin	Parent: Labs
Element: 12397	Initial Hemoglobin Value
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the hemoglobin (Hgb) value in g/dL.
	Note(s): This may include point of care (POC) assay results or results obtained prior to arrival at this facility.
	The lab value is entered as documented in the medical record, i.e., enter the string of numbers sequentially to the point where the tool n longer accepts the number. Lab values are not altered.
Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and discharge
Supporting Definition:	Hemoglobin
	Hemoglobin (Hb or Hgb) is the iron-containing oxygen-transport metalloprotein in the red blood cells. It carries oxygen from the lungs to the rest of the body (i.e. the tissues) where it releases the oxygen to burn nutrients and provide energy. Hemoglobin concentration measurement is among the most commonly performed blood tests, usually as part of a complete blood count. If the concentration is below normal, this is called anemia. Anemias are classified by the size of red blood cells: "microcytic" if red cells are small, "macrocytic if they are large, and "normocytic" if otherwise. Dehydration or hyperhydration can greatly influence measured hemoglobin levels.
	Source: http://s.details.loinc.org/LOINC/718-7.html?sections=Simple
Element: 15535	Initial Hemoglobin Not Drawn
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the hemoglobin was not drawn.
Target Value:	N/A
Supporting Definition:	Hemoglobin
	Hemoglobin (Hb or Hgb) is the iron-containing oxygen-transport metalloprotein in the red blood cells. It carries oxygen from the lungs to the rest of the body (i.e. the tissues) where it releases the oxygen to burn nutrients and provide energy. Hemoglobin concentration measurement is among the most commonly performed blood tests, usually as part of a complete blood count. If the concentration is below normal, this is called anemia. Anemias are classified by the size of red blood cells: "microcytic" if red cells are small, "macrocytic" if red cells are small if the small cells
	if they are large, and "normocytic" if otherwise. Dehydration or hyperhydration can greatly influence measured hemoglobin levels.





Section: Additional Labs	Parent: Labs		
Element: 12404	Lowest Hemoglobin Value		
	Indicate the lowest hemoglobin (Hgb) value in g/dL.		
	Note(s): If only one hemoglobin was drawn, use that value for both the initial and the lowest value.		
	The lab value is entered as documented in the medical record, i.e., enter the string of numbers sequentially to the point where the tool no longer accepts the number. Lab values are not altered.		
Target Value:	The lowest value between first medical contact and discharge		
Supporting Definition:	Hemoglobin		
	Hemoglobin (Hb or Hgb) is the iron-containing oxygen-transport metalloprotein in the red blood cells. It carries oxygen from the lungs to the rest of the body (i.e. the tissues) where it releases the oxygen to burn nutrients and provide energy. Hemoglobin concentration measurement is among the most commonly performed blood tests, usually as part of a complete blood count. If the concentration is below normal, this is called anemia. Anemias are classified by the size of red blood cells: "microcytic" if red cells are small, "macrocytic if they are large, and "normocytic" if otherwise. Dehydration or hyperhydration can greatly influence measured hemoglobin levels.		
	Source: http://s.details.loinc.org/LOINC/718-7.html?sections=Simple		
Element: 15536	Lowest Hemoglobin Not Drawn		
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the hemoglobin was not drawn.		
Target Value:	N/A		
Element: 12400	Lowest Hamaglahin Data and Time		
	Lowest Hemoglobin Date and Time		
Coung instruction:	Indicate the date and time of the lowest hemoglobin (Hgb) value.		
	Note(s): When there are two or more identical 'lowest' values, code the date and time of the first sample drawn.		
Target Value:	The lowest value between first medical contact and discharge		
Supporting Definition:	-		
	Hemoglobin (Hb or Hgb) is the iron-containing oxygen-transport metalloprotein in the red blood cells. It carries oxygen from the lungs to the rest of the body (i.e. the tissues) where it releases the oxygen to burn nutrients and provide energy. Hemoglobin concentration measurement is among the most commonly performed blood tests, usually as part of a complete blood count. If the concentration is below normal, this is called anemia. Anemias are classified by the size of red blood cells: "microcytic" if red cells are small, "macrocytic if they are large, and "normocytic" if otherwise. Dehydration or hyperhydration can greatly influence measured hemoglobin levels.		
	Source: http://s.details.loinc.org/LOINC/718-7.html?sections=Simple		
Vendor Instruction:	Lowest Hemoglobin Date and Time (12400) must be Less than Discharge Date and Time (10101)		
	Lowest Hemoglobin Date and Time (12400) must be Greater than or Equal to the earliest of the following elements: Arrival at Outside Facility Date and Time (12426), Arrival Date and Time (3001), Emergency Medical Services First Medical Contact Date and Time (12197)		
Element: 15544	Initial Hemoglobin A1c Value		
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the glycated hemoglobin A1C (HbA1c) value in percent (%).		
	Note(s): The lab value is entered as documented in the medical record, i.e., enter the string of numbers sequentially to the point where the tool n longer accepts the number. Lab values are not altered.		
Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and discharge		
Supporting Definition:	Hemoglobin A1c		
	Hemoglobin A1c lab value identifies the patient's average blood sugar level for the past 2 to 3 months. Source:		
Element: 15537	Initial Hemoglobin A1c Not Drawn		
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the glycated hemoglobin A1C (HbA1c) was not drawn.		
Target Value:	N/A		
	Initial International Neurophical Datio		
Element: 12265	Initial International Normalized Ratio		
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the international normalized ratio (INR).		
	Note(s): The lab value is entered as documented in the medical record, i.e., enter the string of numbers sequentially to the point where the tool no longer accepts the number. Lab values are not altered.		





Section: Additional Labs	Parent: Labs		
Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and discharge		
Supporting Definition:	International Normalized Ratio (INR)		
	The INR is specifically intented for evaluating protime results on patients stabilized on long term oral anticoagulant therapy. The INR is not appropriate to evaluate hemostatic function in patients with liver disease, for screening for hereditary factor deficiencies or acquired vitamin K deficiencies, or for routine preoperative screening; this should be evaluated on the normal range in seconds. INR is calculated by the equation, INR = (PTR) raised to the power of ISI, where ISI = International Sensitivity Index (assigned to each reagent thromboplastin). PTR = prothrombin time ratio (pat PT/pop mean PT). Computation of the INR of specific thromboplastin reagent should allow for uniformity in prothrombin time testing regardless of the reagent system or instrumentation used.		
	Source: http://s.details.loinc.org/LOINC/6301-6.html?sections=Simple		
Element: 15538	Initial International Normalized Ratio Not Drawn		
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the international normalized ratio (INR) was not calculated.		
Target Value:	N/A		
Supporting Definition:	International Normalized Ratio (INR)		
	The INR is specifically intented for evaluating protime results on patients stabilized on long term oral anticoagulant therapy. The INR is not appropriate to evaluate hemostatic function in patients with liver disease, for screening for hereditary factor deficiencies or acquired vitamin K deficiencies, or for routine preoperative screening; this should be evaluated on the normal range in seconds. INR is calculated by the equation, INR = (PTR) raised to the power of ISI, where ISI = International Sensitivity Index (assigned to each reagent thromboplastin). PTR = prothrombin time ratio (pat PT/pop mean PT). Computation of the INR of specific thromboplastin reagent should allow for uniformity in prothrombin time testing regardless of the reagent system or instrumentation used.		

Source: http://s.details.loinc.org/LOINC/6301-6.html?sections=Simple





Element: 12268	Total Cholesterol
Coding Instruction	Indicate the total cholesterol value in mg/dL.
	Note(s): The lab value is entered as documented in the medical record, i.e., enter the string of numbers sequentially to the point where the tool r longer accepts the number. Lab values are not altered.
Target Value	: The last value between 6 months before first medical contact and discharge
Supporting Definition	: Cholesterol
	Cholesterol is a lipidic, waxy alcohol found in the cell membranes and transported in the blood plasma of all animals. It is an essential component of mammalian cell membranes where it establishes proper membrane permeability and fluidity. Cholesterol is the principal sterol synthesized by animals, but small quantities are synthesized in other eukaryotes, such as plants and fungi. It is almost completel absent among prokaryotes, which include bacteria. Cholesterol is classified as a sterol. Source: Copyright © 2015 Regenstrief Institute, Inc. All Rights Reserved. To the extent included herein, the LOINC table and LOINC codes are copyright © 1995-2015, Regenstrief Institute, Inc. and the Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC)
	Committee.
Element: 15539	Total Cholesterol Not Drawn
-	Indicate if the total cholesterol was not drawn.
Target Value	
Supporting Definition	
	Cholesterol is a lipidic, waxy alcohol found in the cell membranes and transported in the blood plasma of all animals. It is an essential component of mammalian cell membranes where it establishes proper membrane permeability and fluidity. Cholesterol is the principal sterol synthesized by animals, but small quantities are synthesized in other eukaryotes, such as plants and fungi. It is almost completel absent among prokaryotes, which include bacteria. Cholesterol is classified as a sterol.
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Element: 12270	High-density Lipoprotein
Coding Instruction	Indicate the high-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol value in mg/dL.
	Note(s): The lab value is entered as documented in the medical record, i.e., enter the string of numbers sequentially to the point where the tool r longer accepts the number. Lab values are not altered.
Target Value	: The last value between 6 months before first medical contact and discharge
Supporting Definition	: High-density lipoprotein
	High-density lipoprotein (HDL) is one of the five major groups of lipoproteins (chylomicrons, VLDL, IDL, LDL, HDL) which enable lipids li cholesterol and triglycerides to be transported within the water based blood stream. In healthy individuals, about thirty percent of blood cholesterol is carried by HDL. High levels of cholesterol in the blood have been linked to damage to arteries and cardiovascular disease
	Source: Regenstrief Institute, Inc. All Rights Reserved. To the extent included herein, the LOINC table and LOINC codes are copyrigh © 1995-2015, Regenstrief Institute, Inc. and the Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC) Committee.
	Copyright: Text is available under the Creative Commons Attribution/Share-Alike License. See http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by- sa/3.0/ for details.
Element: 15540	High-density Lipoprotein Not Drawn
Coding Instruction	Indicate if the high-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol was not drawn.
Target Value	: N/A
Supporting Definition	: High-density lipoprotein
	High-density lipoprotein (HDL) is one of the five major groups of lipoproteins (chylomicrons, VLDL, IDL, LDL, HDL) which enable lipids li cholesterol and triglycerides to be transported within the water based blood stream. In healthy individuals, about thirty percent of blood cholesterol is carried by HDL. High levels of cholesterol in the blood have been linked to damage to arteries and cardiovascular disease
	Source: Regenstrief Institute, Inc. All Rights Reserved. To the extent included herein, the LOINC table and LOINC codes are copyrigh © 1995-2015, Regenstrief Institute, Inc. and the Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC) Committee.
	Copyright: Text is available under the Creative Commons Attribution/Share-Alike License. See http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by- sa/3.0/ for details.
Element: 12273	LDL Cholesterol
Coding Instruction	Indicate the low-density lipoprotein (LDL) cholesterol value in mg/dL.
	Note(s): The lab value is entered as documented in the medical record, i.e., enter the string of numbers sequentially to the point where





Section: Lipids	Parent: Labs
	the tool no longer accepts the number. Lab values are not altered.
Target Value:	The last value between 6 months before first medical contact and discharge
Supporting Definition:	Cholesterol in LDL
	A small dense LDL fraction, reported as part of LDL Subclasses panel. Seven LDL subclasses and 3 mid-band fractions can be determined by linear polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and densitometric scanning.
	Source: Regenstrief Institute
Element: 13010	Low Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol Not Drawn
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if a low density lipoprotein (LDL) cholesterol was not drawn (or calculated).
Target Value:	
Supporting Definition:	Cholesterol in LDL
	A small dense LDL fraction, reported as part of LDL Subclasses panel. Seven LDL subclasses and 3 mid-band fractions can be determined by linear polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and densitometric scanning.
	Source: Regenstrief Institute
	Trick socides
Element: 12271	Triglycerides
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the triglyceride value in mg/dL.
	Note(s): The lab value is entered as documented in the medical record, i.e., enter the string of numbers sequentially to the point where the tool no longer accepts the number. Lab values are not altered.
Target Value:	The last value between 6 months before first medical contact and discharge
Supporting Definition:	Triglyceride
	A triglyceride (TG, triacylglycerol, TAG, or triacylglyceride) is an ester derived from glycerol and three fatty acids. There are many triglycerides, depending on the oil source, some are highly unsaturated, some less so. Triglycerides are the main constituents of vegetable oil (typically more unsaturated) and animal fats (typically more saturated). In humans, triglycerides are a mechanism for storing unused calories, and their high concentrations in blood correlates with the consumption of starchy and fatty foods. High levels of triglycerides in the bloodstream have been linked to atherosclerosis and, by extension, the risk of heart disease and stroke. Diets high in carbohydrates, with carbohydrates accounting for more than 60% of the total energy intake, can increase triglyceride levels.
	Source: https://s.details.loinc.org/LOINC/2571-8.html?sections=Comprehensive
Element: 15541	Triglycerides Not Drawn
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the triglyceride level was not drawn.
Target Value:	N/A
Supporting Definition:	Triglyceride
	A triglyceride (TG, triacylglycerol, TAG, or triacylglyceride) is an ester derived from glycerol and three fatty acids. There are many triglycerides, depending on the oil source, some are highly unsaturated, some less so. Triglycerides are the main constituents of vegetable oil (typically more unsaturated) and animal fats (typically more saturated). In humans, triglycerides are a mechanism for storing unused calories, and their high concentrations in blood correlates with the consumption of starchy and fatty foods. High levels of triglycerides in the bloodstream have been linked to atherosclerosis and, by extension, the risk of heart disease and stroke. Diets high in carbohydrates, with carbohydrates accounting for more than 60% of the total energy intake, can increase triglyceride levels.
	Source: https://s.details.loinc.org/LOINC/2571-8.html?sections=Comprehensive





Section: Cath Lab Visit

Parent: Treatment Strategy

Element: 12309 Coronary Angiography

Coding Instruction: Indicate if the patient had a diagnostic coronary angiography procedure.

Target Value: Any occurrence between arrival at this facility and discharge

Supporting Definition: Coronary Angiography

Coronary angiography is defined as the passage of a catheter into the aortic root or other great vessels for angiography of the native coronary arteries or bypass grafts supplying native coronary arteries. This element would NOT include noninvasive CT angiography. **Source:** American College of Cardiology and American Heart Association Task Force on Clinical Data Standards (Writing Committee to Develop Artery Disease: A Report of the American College of Cardiology Foundation/American. Management and Outcomes of Patients With Acute Coronary Syndromes and Coronary 2013 ACCF/AHA Key Data Elements and Definitions for Measuring the Clinical Circulation. 2013;127:1052-1089; originally published online January 28, 2013;

Vendor Instruction: When Coronary Angiography (12309) is 'No - Performed at transferring facility', Transferred from Outside Facility (12421) must be 'Yes'.

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Yes	The test was co	ompleted.	100013072	ACC NCDF
No - No reason		ot completed. There is neither a medical atient reason documented explaining done.	112000000195	ACC NCDF
No - Medical reason	documentation	ot completed. There is clear of a reason related to the patient's or concern explaining why it was not	11200000199	ACC NCDF
No - Patient reason	documentation	ot completed. There is clear of a reason related to the patient's preference explaining why it was not	11200000197	ACC NCDF
No - System reason	documentation	ot completed. There is clear of a reason related to the healthcare ing why it was not done.	112000000198	ACC NCDF
No - Performed at transferring facility		option was not delivered here but was r to arrival at this facility at the ility.	112000003558	ACC NCDF
Element: 7046		Diagnostic Catheterization Operator Last Name		
Codir	ng Instruction:	Indicate the last name of the operator who is performing the diagnostic catheterization.		
		Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only.		
	Target Value:	The value on current procedure		
Vendo	or Instruction:	Diagnostic Catheterization Operator Last Name (7046) cannot be Null		
Element: 7047		Diagnostic Catheterization Operator First Name		
Codir	ng Instruction:	Indicate the first name of the operator who is performing the diagnostic catheterization.		
		Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only.		
	Target Value:	The value on current procedure		
Vendo	or Instruction:	Diagnostic Catheterization Operator First Name (7047) cannot be Null		
Element: 7048		Diagnostic Catheterization Operator Middle Name		
Codir	ng Instruction:	Indicate the middle name of the operator who is performing the diagnostic catheterization.		
		Note(s): It is acceptable to specify the middle initial.		
		If there is no middle name given, leave field blank.		
		If there are multiple middle names, enter all of the middle names sequentially.		
		If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only.		
	Target Value:	The value on current procedure		
Element: 7049		Diagnostic Catheterization Operator NPI		







Section: Cath Lab Visit	Parent: Treatment Strategy	
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the National Provider Identifier (NPI) of the operator who is performing the diagnostic catheterization.	
	National Provider Identifier (NPI) numbers, assigned by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), are used to uniquely identify professionals for Medicare billing purposes.	
Target Value:	The value on current procedure	
Vendor Instruction:	Diagnostic Catheterization Operator NPI (7049) cannot be Null	
Element: 12311	Catheterization Laboratory Arrival Date and Time	
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the patient arrived in the cath lab procedure room.	
	Note(s): Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (0000 hours).	
Target Value:	The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge	
Vendor Instruction:	Catheterization Laboratory Arrival Date and Time (12311) must be Less than First Device Activation Date and Time (7845)	
	Catheterization Laboratory Arrival Date and Time (12311) must be Less than Discharge Date and Time (10101)	
Element: 12312	Diagnostic Coronary Angiography Date and Time	
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the diagnostic coronary angiography procedure started.	
	Note(s): Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (0000 hours).	
	The time the procedure started is defined as the time at which local anesthetic was first administered for vascular access, or the time of the first attempt at vascular access for the cardiac catheterization (use whichever is earlier).	
Target Value:	The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge	
Supporting Definition:	Coronary Angiography	
	Coronary angiography is defined as the passage of a catheter into the aortic root or other great vessels for angiography of the native coronary arteries or bypass grafts supplying native coronary arteries. This element would NOT include noninvasive CT angiography.	
	Source: American College of Cardiology and American Heart Association Task Force on Clinical Data Standards (Writing Committee to Develop Artery Disease: A Report of the American College of Cardiology Foundation/American. Management and Outcomes of Patients With Acute Coronary Syndromes and Coronary 2013 ACCF/AHA Key Data Elements and Definitions for Measuring the Clinical Circulation. 2013;127:1052-1089; originally published online January 28, 2013;	
Vendor Instruction:	Diagnostic Coronary Angiography Date and Time (12312) must be Less than Discharge Date and Time (10101)	
	Diagnostic Coronary Angiography Date and Time (12312) must be Greater than Arrival at First Facility Date and Time (12612)	
Element: 15500	NSTEMI Patient Centered Reason for Delay in Angiography	
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if there was a patient-centered issue that delayed performing coronary angiography.	
	Note(s): A patient-centered reason for delay is an issue/condition understood and documented to originate with the patient. It is not associated with the health care system (i.e. facility, staff or processes, etc.).	
	Examples: Patient or family delays in providing consent for angiography, patient is too unstable for angiography (i.e., cardiovascular instability, acute heart failure, cardiogenic shock).	
Target Value:	Any occurrence within the first 24 hours after arrival at this facility (or after NSTEMI diagnosis)	
Element: 15530	Resuscitated pre-admit STEMI Patient Centered Reason for Delay in Angiography	
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if there was a patient-centered issue that delayed performing coronary angiography after the patient was resuscitated.	
	Note(s): A patient-centered reason for delay is an issue/condition understood and documented to originate with the patient. It is not associated with the health care system (i.e. facility, staff or processes, etc.).	
	Examples: Patient or family delays in providing consent for angiography, patient is too unstable for angiography (i.e., cardiovascular instability, acute heart failure, cardiogenic shock).	
Target Value:	Any occurrence within 120 minutes after resuscitation	
Element: 15497	Coronary Angiography Results	
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the results of the coronary angiography showed evidence of coronary artery disease.	
Target Value:	The highest value between arrival at this facility and discharge	





Section: Cath Lab Visit

Angiography Results - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.239 Selection Definition Source Code Code System No CAD The patient has clear coronary arteries, no disease 699196002 SNOMED CT identified in any >2mm native or graft vessel. CAD Coronary atherosclerotic disease was identified in at 53741008 SNOMED CT least one >2mm native or graft vessel. Unavailable There are no results available. 100000646 ACC NCDR Element: 15498 Coronary Artery Disease Type

Parent: Treatment Strategy

Coding Instruction: Indicate the type of coronary artery disease.

Target Value: The highest value between arrival at this facility and discharge

Type of Coronary Artery Disease - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.904

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Non-obstructive	Non-obstructive disease (disease <50% in all coronar vessels and left main disease <50%)	у	719678003	SNOMED CT
	Note: Only disease found in vessels >=2mm is captured unless a vessel <2mm is intended for PCI and/or the patient's overall coronary anatomy is <2mm			
Moderate	Moderate disease (disease 50-69% in any coronary vessel defined as: LAD and any of its branches, LCX and any of its branches, RCA and any of its branches a true RAMUS branch >2 mm, any bypass graft and le main disease <50%)	·,	112000003539	ACC NCDR
	Note: Only disease found in vessels >=2mm is captured unless a vessel <2mm is intended for PCI and/or the patient's overall coronary anatomy is <2mm			
Obstructive	Obstructive coronary atherosclerotic disease is disease >=70% in any coronary vessel defined as: LAD and any of its branches, LCX and any of its branches, RCA and any of its branches, a true RAMUS branch >2 mm, any bypass graft and/or left main disease >=50%.	S	26036001	SNOMED CT
	Note: Only disease found in vessels >=2mm is captured unless a vessel <2mm is intended for PCI and/or the patient's overall coronary anatomy is <2mm			
Unknown			261665006	SNOMED CT



Section: Reperfusion

Parent: Treatment Strategy

Element: 12295

Coding Instruction: Indicate if the patient received thrombolytic therapy as an urgent treatment for STEMI.

Target Value: Any occurrence between first medical contact and discharge

Thrombolytic

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Yes	Code Yes if this	s medication was initiated.	100001247	ACC NCDF
No - No reason			112000000195	ACC NCDF
No - Medical reason	Clear documen medical issue o	tation of a reason related to the patient's r concern.	112000000199	ACC NCDF
No - Patient reason		of a patient reason (eg, initial patient eeding hazards).	100001071	ACC NCDF
Element: 12296		Thrombolytic Therapy Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time of either the first bolus or the beginning of the infusio	on.	
		Note(s): If your facility receives a patient transfer with infusion ongoing, record the dat facility.	e and time that infusion was started at	the transferring
		Indicate the time (hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at	midnight (00:00 hours).	
	Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and discharge		
	Vendor Instruction:	Thrombolytic Therapy Date and Time (12296) must be Less than Discharge Da	te and Time (10101)	
		Thrombolytic Therapy Date and Time (12296) must be Greater than the earlies and Time (12426), Arrival Date and Time (3001), Emergency Medical Services	0	,
Element: 14207		Medical Reason for Delay in Thrombolytic		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if there was a medical reason for delay in administering a thrombolytic		
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between first medical contact and discharge		
	Supporting Definition:	Medical Reason for Delay in Thrombolytics		
		Documentation of a medical reason for delayed fibrinolytic therapy (e.g., cardic other contraindications to use fibrinolytic therapy, respiratory failure requiring in presentation >12 h after symptom onset).		-
		Source: Jneid, H., Addison, D., Bhatt, D. L., Fonarow, G. C. Gokak, S., Grady Jurgens, C. Y., King, M. L., Kumbhani, D. J., Pancholy, S. (in press) 2017 AHA/ With ST-Elevation and Non–ST-Elevation Myocardial Infarction. Journal of the A 10.1016/j.jacc.2017.06.032	ACC Clinical Performance and Quality	
Element: 14208		Patient Reason for Delay in Thrombolytic		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if there was a patient reason for delay in administering a thrombolytic.		
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between first medical contact and discharge		
Element: 15502		Percutaneous Coronary Intervention		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient had a percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI).		
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between first medical contact and discharge		
	Supporting Definition:	Percutaneous Coronary Intervention		
		A percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI) is the placement of an angioplasty atherectomy, brachytherapy, or thrombectomy catheter) into a native coronar mechanical coronary revascularization.	•	•
		Source: Medline Plus, 2017 by Merriam-Webster, Incorporated		
	Performed - 1.3.6.1.4.1.1	9376.1.4.1.6.5.922		
	Definition	C	A - 1-	0
Revascularization F Selection Yes	Definition	Source	Code 100013072	Code System ACC NCDF

The treatment option was not performed and there is

clear documentation of a medical reason why it was

performed.

No - Medical reason

11200000199

ACC NCDR





Section: Repe	ection: Reperfusion Parent: Treatment Strategy			
No - Patient reason	on The treatment option was not performed and there is 112000000197 clear documentation of a patient's medical issue or concern why it was not performed.			ACC NCDR
Element: 15501		Coronary Artery Bypass Graft		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) surgery was performed	ed.	
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between first medical contact and discharge		
	Supporting Definition:	Coronary Artery Bypass Graft		
		Coronary artery bypass graft surgery is when the native vessels of the artery, radial artery or saphenous vein) to restore normal blood flow to		ammary
		Source: Cannon CP, Brindis RG, Chaitman BR, et al. 2013 ACCF>AH Management and Outcomes of Patients with Acute Coronary Syndrome	,	
Revascularization	Performed - 1.3.6.1.4.1.1	9376.1.4.1.6.5.922		

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Yes			100013072	ACC NCDR
No - No reason		option was not performed and there is ion of a reason why it was not	11200000195	ACC NCDR
No - Medical reason		option was not performed and there is tation of a medical reason why it was	11200000199	ACC NCDR
No - Patient reason	clear documen	option was not performed and there is tation of a patient's medical issue or was not performed.	11200000197	ACC NCDR
Element: 10011		Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time of the coronary artery bypass graft (CA	ABG) surgery.	
		Note(s): Indicate the time (hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, b	beginning at midnight (00:00 hours).	
	Target Value:	The first value between arrival and discharge		
	Supporting Definition:	Coronary Artery Bypass Graft		
		Coronary artery bypass graft surgery is when the native vessels of	of the heart are bypassed with other vessels (inter	nal mammary

artery, radial artery or saphenous vein) to restore normal blood flow to the obstructed coronary arteries.
Source: Cannon CP, Brindis RG, Chaitman BR, et al. 2013 ACCF>AHA Key Date Elements and Definitions for Measuring the Clinical

Management and Outcomes of Patients with Acute Coronary Syndromes and Coronary Artery Disease. Circulation. 2013;127;1052-1089.

Vendor Instruction: Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Date and Time (10011) must be Greater than Arrival Date and Time (3001)

Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Date and Time (10011) must be Less than Discharge Date and Time (10101)





Section: PCI Pro	oceaure	Parent: Treatment Strategy
Element: 15499		Percutaneous Coronary Intervention Date and Time
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the PCI started.
	Target Value:	The first value between arrival and discharge
Element: 7051		PCI Operator Last Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the last name of the operator who is performing the percutaneous coronary intervention.
		Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only.
	Target Value:	The value on current procedure
	-	PCI Operator Last Name (7051) cannot be Null
Element: 7052		PCI Operator First Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the first name of the operator who is performing the percutaneous coronary intervention.
		Note(s):
		If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only.
	-	The value on current procedure
	Vendor Instruction:	PCI Operator First Name (7052) cannot be Null
Element: 7053		PCI Operator Middle Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the middle name of the operator who is performing the percutaneous coronary intervention.
		Note(s): It is acceptable to specify the middle initial.
		If there is no middle name given, leave field blank.
		If there are multiple middle names, enter all of the middle names sequentially.
		If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only.
	Target Value:	The value on current procedure
Element: 7054		PCI Operator NPI
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the National Provider Identifier (NPI) of the operator who is performing the PCI procedure.
		National Provider Identifier (NPI) numbers, assigned by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), are used to uniquely identify professionals for Medicare billing purposes.
	Target Value:	The value on current procedure
	Vendor Instruction:	PCI Operator NPI (7054) cannot be Null
Element: 15433		Fellow Last Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the last name of the Fellow who is involved with the percutaneous coronary intervention.
		Note(s):
	Target Value:	If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only. The value on current procedure
Element: 15434		Fellow First Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the first name of the Fellow who is involved in the percutaneous coronary intervention.
		Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only.
	Target Value:	The value on current procedure
Element: 15435		Fellow Middle Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the middle name of the Fellow who is involved with the percutaneous coronary intervention.





Section: PCI Procedure	Parent: Treatment Strategy	1	
	Note(s):		
	It is acceptable to specify the middle initial.		
	If there is no middle name given, leave field blank.		
	If there are multiple middle names, enter all of the middle names sequentially.		
	If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only.		
Target Valu	ae: The value on current procedure		
Element: 15436	Fellow NPI		
Coding Instruction	on: Indicate the National Provider Identifier (NPI) of the Fellow involved with the PCI pr	rocedure.	
	National Provider Identifier (NPI) numbers, assigned by the Centers for Medicare a identify professionals for Medicare billing purposes.	and Medicaid Services (CMS), are us	sed to uniquely
Target Valu	ae: The value on current procedure		
Element: 15431	Fellowship Program Identification Number		
Coding Instruction	Indicate the institution's Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (AC participating.	GME) number for the program in wh	nich the Fellow is
Target Valu	Je: The value on current procedure		
Supporting Definition	on: Fellowship Program Identification Number		
	The institution's Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) n participating.	number for the program in which the	Fellow is
	ACGME oversees the accreditation of fellowship programs in the US. Each accred	dited training program is assigned a	program ID.
	Source: A list of programs by specialty can be found here: ACGME - Accreditat https://apps.acgme.org/ads/Public/Reports/Report/1.	tion Data System (ADS):	
Element: 12326	Percutaneous Coronary Intervention Indication		
Coding Instruction	on: Indicate the primary reason PCI was performed or attempted.		
Target Valu	ie: The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge		
Vendor Instructio	on: When Thrombolytic (12295) is Yes, Percutaneous Coronary Intervention Indication Unstable angina, Other).	(12326) must be Null or in (STEMI-C	ther, NSTEMI,
PCI Indication - 2.16.840.1.113883.3.3478.			
Selection Definition STEMI - Immediate PCI for Immediate PCI	Source CI for STEMI (or STEMI equivalent) PCI is	100000570	Code System ACC NCDF
acute STEMI performed e	emergently and without delay after his includes Unstable <= 12 hours in	100000370	ACC NODE
STEMI - Other		112000003559	ACC NCDF
NSTEMI		11200000794	ACC NCD
Unstable angina Other		4557003 10001424795	SNOMED C
		10001424793	ACCINOD
Element: 7422	Mechanical Ventricular Support		
Coding Instructio	on: Indicate if the patient required mechanical ventricular support.		
Target Valu	Je: Any occurrence on current procedure		
Target Valu	ie: Any occurrence on current procedure		
Element: 7423	Mechanical Ventricular Support Device		
Element: 7423			
Element: 7423	Mechanical Ventricular Support Device		
Element: 7423 Coding Instructio	Mechanical Ventricular Support Device n: Indicate the mechanical ventricular support device used. Note(s): The device that should be collected in your application are controlled by a Mechan		
Element: 7423 Coding Instructio Target Valu Mechanical Ventricular Support Device -	Mechanical Ventricular Support Device n: Indicate the mechanical ventricular support device used. Note(s): The device that should be collected in your application are controlled by a Mechar maintained by the NCDR and will be made available on the internet for downloadin ue: Any occurrence on current procedure - 2.16.840.1.113883.3.3478.6.1.24	g and importing/updating into your a	pplication.
Element: 7423 Coding Instructio Target Valu Mechanical Ventricular Support Device - Selection Definition	Mechanical Ventricular Support Device Indicate the mechanical ventricular support device used. Note(s): The device that should be collected in your application are controlled by a Mechar maintained by the NCDR and will be made available on the internet for downloadin ue: Any occurrence on current procedure		





Section: PCI Procedur	e	Parent: Treatment Strategy	
	intensive care unit. It provides immediate and complete support of cardiac and pulmonary functions to maintain perfusion to vital organs in patients who are severely physiologically compromised (eg, in cardiogenic shock, adult respiratory distress syndrome or pulmonary edema).		
Extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO)	Extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO) or extracorporeal life support (ECLS) is an extracorporeal technique of providing both cardiac and respiratory support to persons whose heart and lungs are unable to provide an adequate amount of gas exchange to sustain life.	233573008	SNOMED CT
Impella: Left Ventricular Support	The Impella device is a minimally invasive, catheter- based cardiac assist device. It is the smallest rotary blood pump in the world. The pump is inserted percutaneously through the femoral artery and into the left ventricle.	100014011	ACC NCDR
Impella: Right Ventricular Support		11200000188	ACC NCDR
Intra-aortic balloon pump (IABP)	An intra-aortic balloon pump (IABP) is a mechanical device that helps the heart pump blood.	442807006	SNOMED CT
Left ventricular assist device (LVAD)	A ventricular assist device (VAD) is an electromechanical circulatory device that is used to partially or completely replace the function of a failing heart.	232967006	SNOMED CT
Right Ventricular Assist Device (RVAD)	3	360065002	SNOMED CT
Percutaneous Heart Pump (PHP)	A percutaneous heart pump provides hemodynamic support for compromised patients.	1000142429	ACC NCDR
TandemHeart	The TandemHeart Percutaneous Ventricular Assist Device (pVAD) differs from other assist devices in that it can be inserted either by cardiovascular surgeons in the operating room or by cardiologists in the cardiac catheterization laboratory. The TandemHeart pVAD is a continuous-flow centrifugal assist device placed outside the body (extracorporeally).	100014010	ACC NCDR
Biventricular Axial Flow Impella Catheters (BiPella)	1	112000001980	ACC NCDR
Combined Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation and Percutaneous Left Ventricular Assist Device (ECPELLA)		11200002051	ACC NCDR

Element: 7320

Arterial Access Site

Coding Instruction: Indicate the location of percutaneous entry for the procedure.

Target Value: The last value on current procedure

Arterial Access Site - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.310

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Femoral			7657000	SNOMED CT
Radial			45631007	SNOMED CT
Other	Specific artery not available for	selection in registry.	100013029	ACC NCDR

Element: 12327 Stent(s) Placed

Coding Instruction: Indicate if a stent or stents were placed in the affected coronary artery.

Target Value: The first value on current procedure

Element: 12328

Stent Type

Coding Instruction: Indicate the type of stent used during the PCI.

Target Value: The first value on current procedure

Stent Device Type - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.307

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Bare Metal Stent	A bare metal stent (BMS) is a coronary stent without eluting drugs.		464052002	SNOMED CT
Drug-Eluting Stent	A drug-eluting stent is a coronary stent placed into narrowed, diseased coronary arteries that slowly releases a drug to prevent cell proliferation, thereby preventing fibrosis, that together with clots, could block		411191007	SNOMED CT





Section: PCI Procedure

Parent: Treatment Strategy

the stented artery (restenosis).

Element: 12449 Stent Type Unknown

Coding Instruction: Indicate if the type of stent used in the current procedure is unknown.

Target Value: The value on current procedure





Section: PCI for	Acute STEMI	Parent: Treatment Strategy		
Element: 15445		STEMI (or STEMI Equivalent) Noted on First ECG		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if STEMI (or a STEMI equivalent) was noted on the first ECG.		
	Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and discharge		
Element: 7845		First Device Activation Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the first device was activated regardless of type of device us	sed.	
		Note(s): Indicate the time (hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight ((00:00 hours).	
		Use the earliest time from the following: 1. Time of the first balloon inflation.		
		2. Time of the first stent deployment.		
		3. Time of the first treatment of lesion (AngjoJet or other thrombectomy/aspiration device	e, laser, rotational atherectom	y).
		4. If the lesion cannot be crossed with a guidewire or device (and thus none of the above	ve apply), use the time of guid	dewire introductior
		This is a process measure about the timeliness of treatment. It is NOT a clinical outcome reperfusion. It does not matter whether the baseline angiogram showed TIMI 3 flow or if flow. What is being measured is the time of the first mechanical treatment of the culprit I was not) restored.	the final post-PCI angiogram	showed TIMI 0
	Target Value:	The first value on current procedure		
	Vendor Instruction:	First Device Activation Date and Time (7845) must be Greater than Arrival Date and Time	e (3001)	
		First Device Activation Date and Time (7845) must be Less than Discharge Date and Tim	ne (10101)	
Element: 7850		Patient Centered Reason for Delay in PCI		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if there was a patient-centered reason for delay in performing the percutaneous	s coronary intervention (PCI).	
		Note(s): A patient-centered reason for delay is an issue/condition understood and documented to with the health care system (i.e. facility, staff or processes, etc.).	o originate with the patient. It	is not associated
		To warrant coding 'Yes' the patient-centered reason(s) must be identified in the first 90 90 minutes after an in-hospital diagnosis of STEMI, and be responsible for affecting the tilt.		cility, or in the firs
		If the issue is documented in the medical record and the effect on timing is self-evident,	it can be coded.	
		If the effect on timing/delay to PCI is unclear, then there must be specific documentation linkage between the patient issue/condition and the timing/delay in PCI.	by a physician/APN/PA that e	establishes the
	Target Value:	Any occurrence in the first 90 minutes after arrival at this facility (or within the first 90 m	inutes after STEMI diagnosis))
Element: 7851		Patient Centered Reason for Delay in PCI Reason		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the patient-centered reason for delay in performing the percutaneous coronary	intervention (PCI).	
	Target Value:	Any occurrence in the first 90 minutes after arrival at this facility (or within the first 90 m	inutes after STEMI diagnosis))
Patient Reason for D	elay in PCI - 1.3.6.1.4.1			
	Definition	Source	Code	Code Syst
Selection	iing		100000349	ACC NC
Selection Patient delays in provid consent for PCI				
Patient delays in provid	otherwise proh Do not select if	natomy is torturous, obstructive or ibitive to the vascular access device. the operator is unable to gain access ence or device selection, etc.	100000881	ACC NC

ventricular support device			
Cardiac arrest and/or need for intubation		100013001	ACC NCDR
Difficulty crossing the culprit lesion	The patient's anatomy is torturous, obstructive or otherwise prohibitive to guidewire or device access. Do not select if the operator is unable to cross the culprit lesion due to inexperience or device selection, etc.	100000350	ACC NCDR
Other	Not otherwise specified.	100000351	ACC NCDR





Section: Events Parent: Episode Events

Element: 12342 Episode Events

Cod

Coding Instruction: The events listed in this field are controlled by the Events Master file. This file is maintained by the NCDR and will be made available for downloading and importing/updating into your application.

Target Value: N/A

Vendor Instruction: An Episode - combination Events (12342), Occurred (12344) and Date and Time (12343) - may only be entered/selected once

Post-Procedure Events - 2.16.840.1.113883.3.3478.6.3.10

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Atrial fibrillation			49436004	SNOMED CT
Bleeding - Access site			1000142440	ACC NCDR
Bleeding - Gastrointestin	nal		74474003	SNOMED CT
Bleeding - Genitourinary	/		417941003	SNOMED CT
Bleeding - Hematoma at access site			385494008	SNOMED CT
Bleeding - Other			1000142371	ACC NCDR
Bleeding - Retroperitone	al		95549001	SNOMED CT
Bleeding - Surgical proc or intervention required	cedure		11200000213	ACC NCDR
Cardiac arrest			410429000	SNOMED CT
Cardiogenic shock			89138009	SNOMED CT
Heart failure			84114007	SNOMED CT
Myocardial infarction			22298006	SNOMED CT
New requirement for dia	alysis		100014076	ACC NCDR
Respiratory support - Bi	-PAP		243142003	SNOMED CT
Respiratory support - H flow oxygen	igh-		426854004	SNOMED CT
Respiratory support - Intubation			52765003	SNOMED CT
Stroke - Hemorrhagic			230706003	SNOMED CT
Stroke - Ischemic			422504002	SNOMED CT
Stroke - Undetermined			230713003	SNOMED CT
Transient ischemic attac	ck (TIA)		266257000	SNOMED CT
Ventricular fibrillation			71908006	SNOMED CT
Sustained ventricular tachycardia			25569003	SNOMED CT

Element: 12344

Episode Events Occurred

Coding Instruction: Indicate the event(s) that did or did not occur during the episode of care.

Atrial fibrillation

Indicate if atrial fibrillation was documented in the medical record.

Bleeding - Access site

Indicate if the patient experienced a confirmed bleeding event at the access site observed and documented in the medical record that was associated with any of the following:

1. Hemoglobin drop of >=3 g/dL;

2. Transfusion of whole blood or packed red blood cells;

3. Procedural intervention/surgery at the bleeding site to reverse/stop or correct the bleeding (such as surgical closures/exploration of the arteriotomy site, balloon angioplasty to seal an arterial tear, endoscopy with cautery of a GI bleed).

Bleeding - Gastrointestinal

Indicate if the patient experienced a confirmed gastrointestinal bleeding event observed and documented in the medical record that was associated with any of the following:

1. Hemoglobin drop of >=3 g/dL;

2. Transfusion of whole blood or packed red blood cells;

3. Procedural intervention/surgery at the bleeding site to reverse/stop or correct the bleeding (such as surgical closures/exploration of the arteriotomy site, balloon angioplasty to seal an arterial tear, endoscopy with cautery of a GI bleed).

Bleeding - Genitourinary

Indicate if the patient experienced a confirmed genitourinary bleeding event observed and documented in the medical record that was associated with any of the following:

1. Hemoglobin drop of >=3 g/dL;

2. Transfusion of whole blood or packed red blood cells;

3. Procedural intervention/surgery at the bleeding site to reverse/stop or correct the bleeding (such as surgical closures/exploration of the arteriotomy site, balloon angioplasty to seal an arterial tear, endoscopy with cautery of a GI bleed).

Bleeding - Hematoma at access site

Indicate if the patient experienced a confirmed hematoma at the access site observed and documented in the medical record that was associated with any of the following:





Section: Events

Parent: Episode Events

1. Hemoglobin drop of >=3 g/dL;

2. Transfusion of whole blood or packed red blood cells;

3. Procedural intervention/surgery at the bleeding site to reverse/stop or correct the bleeding (such as surgical closures/exploration of the arteriotomy site, balloon angioplasty to seal an arterial tear, endoscopy with cautery of a GI bleed).

Bleeding - Retroperitoneal

Indicate if the patient experienced a confirmed retroperitoneal bleeding event observed and documented in the medical record that was associated with any of the following:

1. Hemoglobin drop of >=3 g/dL;

2. Transfusion of whole blood or packed red blood cells;

3. Procedural intervention/surgery at the bleeding site to reverse/stop or correct the bleeding (such as surgical closures/exploration of the arteriotomy site, balloon angioplasty to seal an arterial tear, endoscopy with cautery of a GI bleed).

Bleeding - Other

Indicate if the patient experienced a confirmed bleeding event not available for selection within the registry that was observed and documented in the medical record that was associated with any of the following:

1. Hemoglobin drop of >=3 g/dL;

2. Transfusion of whole blood or packed red blood cells;

3. Procedural intervention/surgery at the bleeding site to reverse/stop or correct the bleeding (such as surgical closures/exploration of the arteriotomy site, balloon angioplasty to seal an arterial tear, endoscopy with cautery of a GI bleed).

Bleeding - Surgical procedure or intervention required

Indicate if the patient required a surgical procedure or intervention to address a bleeding event.

Cardiac Arrest

Indicate if the patient experienced cardiac arrest, defined as an acute event documented as any of the following: Ventricular fibrillation

· Rapid ventricular tachycardia or bradycardia rhythms with hemodynamic compromise causing loss of consciousness Pulseless rhythms (PEA)

Asystole

Requiring cardiopulmonary resuscitation (two or more chest compressions or open chest massage, emergency temporary pacing, pericardiocentesis, institution of ECMO, or defibrillation) and without these measures death would have almost certainly resulted. Note: If an event occurs that meets the above definition of cardiac arrest, code "yes" regardless of a resuscitation status of DNR/hospice/comfort care.

Cardiogenic shock

Indicate if the patient experienced new onset or an acute recurrence of cardiogenic shock.

Cardiogenic shock is defined as a sustained (>30 min) episode of systolic blood pressure <90 mm Hg and/or cardiac index <2.2 L/min per square meter determined to be secondary to cardiac dysfunction and/or the requirement for parenteral inotropic or vasopressor agents or mechanical support (eq, IABP, extracorporeal circulation, VADs) to maintain blood pressure and cardiac index above those specified levels.

Note: Transient episodes of hypotension reversed with IV fluid or atropine do not constitute cardiogenic shock. The hemodynamic compromise (with or without extraordinary supportive therapy) must persist for at least 30 min.

Heart failure

Indicate if the patient experienced new onset or acute recurrence of heart failure which necessitated new or increased pharmacologic therapy.

A low EF alone, without clinical evidence of heart failure, does not qualify as heart failure.

Myocardial infarction

Indicate if a clinical diagnosis of NSTEMI or STEMI was documented in the medical record (and it is secondary to the presenting complaint)

New requirement for dialvsis

Indicate if the patient experienced acute onset or worsening renal failure necessitating renal dialysis.

Respiratory support - Bi-PAP

Indicate if the patient had an airway event requiring Bi-PAP.

Respiratory support- High-flow oxygen

Indicate if the patient had an airway event requiring high-flow oxygen. Planned oxygen support for procedures, surgery, etc. do not qualify as an event.

Respiratory support - Intubation

Indicate if the patient had an airway event requiring intubation. An airway event can include episodes of apnea, hypoxia, or obstruction requiring intubation. Planned intubation support for procedures, surgery, etc. do not qualify as an event.

Stroke: Hemorrhagic

Indicate if the patient experienced an acute episode of focal or global neurological dysfunction of the brain, spinal cord or retina caused by intraparenchymal, intraventricular, or subarachnoid bleeding, where the neurological dysfunction lasts for greater than 24 hours. Subdural hematomas are intracranial hemorrhagic events and not strokes.

Stroke: Ischemic

Indicate if the patient experienced an acute episode of focal, cerebral, spinal, or retinal dysfunction caused by infarction of the central nervous system tissue where the neurological dysfunction lasts for greater than 24 hours. Hemorrhage may be a consequence of ischemic stroke. In this situation, the stroke is an ischemic stroke with hemorrhagic transformation.

Stroke: Undetermined





Section: Events	Parent: Episode Events
	Indicate if the patient experienced an acute episode of focal or global neurological dysfunction caused by presumed brain, spinal cord, or retinal vascular injury as a result of hemorrhage or infarction but with insufficient information to allow categorization as either ischemic or hemorrhagic, where the neurological dysfunction lasts for greater than 24 hours.
	Transient ischemic attack (TIA) Indicate if the patient experienced a transient episode of focal neurological dysfunction caused by brain, spinal cord, or retinal ischemia without acute infarction that is documented to be a transient ischemic attack (TIA).
	Ventricular fibrillation Indicate if ventricular fibrillation is documented in the medical record.
	Sustained ventricular tachycardia Indicate if a construction of ventricular tachycardia is documented in the medical record.
Target Value:	Any occurrence between arrival at this facility and discharge
Element: 12343	Episode Event Date and Time
	Episode Event Date and Time Indicate the date and time the event occurred.
	-
	Indicate the date and time the event occurred. Note(s):
	 Indicate the date and time the event occurred. Note(s): Indicate the time (hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (00:00 hours).
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the event occurred. Note(s): Indicate the time (hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (00:00 hours). If an event occurred more than once on the same date, record the event multiple times with the same date.
Coding Instruction: Target Value:	 Indicate the date and time the event occurred. Note(s): Indicate the time (hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (00:00 hours). If an event occurred more than once on the same date, record the event multiple times with the same date. If an event occurred more than once in the target timeframe but on different dates, record the event multiple times but with unique dates.





Section: Additio	nal Events	Parent: Episode Events
Element: 12345		Packed Red Blood Cell Transfusion
Element. 12345	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if there was a transfusion(s) of packed red blood cells.
	-	
	Target value:	Any occurrence between arrival at this facility and discharge
Element: 12354		Packed Red Blood Cell Transfusion Date
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date of the first red blood cell transfusion.
	Target Value:	The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge
	Vendor Instruction:	Packed Red Blood Cell Transfusion Date (12354) must be Greater than or Equal to Arrival Date and Time (3001)
		Packed Red Blood Cell Transfusion Date (12354) must be Less than or Equal to Discharge Date and Time (10101)
Element: 12353		Transfusion Related to CABG
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if any red blood cell/whole blood transfusion was related to CABG.
		Note(s):
		If any units were given for reasons not related to CABG, check "No." Check "Yes" only if all transfusions given were related to CABG.
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between arrival at this facility and discharge
Element: 12304		Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent therapy
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) was administered during the hospitalization.
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between arrival at this facility and discharge
Element: 14212		Medical Reason for Administering Non-Steroidal Anti- Inflammatory Drug
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if there was a medical reason the patient was administered an NSAID.
		Note: For example patient with refractory arthritis pain that are unresponsive to other analgesics.
	Target Value:	Any occurrence between arrival at this facility and discharge





Section: Targeted Temperature Management

Element: 12339	Hypothermia Induced
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if targeted temperature management was initiated following cardiac arrest.
Target Value:	Any occurrence between first medical contact and discharge
Supporting Definition:	Targeted temperature Management
	Targeted temperature management (TTM) is a clinical treatment strategy to control core body temperature (target temperature) for a certain duration to reduce secondary brain injury for unconscious patients after cardiac arrest.

Source: Donnino MW, Andersen LW, Berg KM, et al. Temperature Management After Cardiac Arrest: An Advisory Statement by the Advanced Life Support Task Force of the International Liaison Committee on Resuscitation and the American Heart Association Emergency Cardiovascular Care Committee and the Council on Cardiopulmonary, Critical Care, Perioperative and Resuscitation. Resuscitation. 2016 Jan;98:97-104. doi: 10.1016/j.resuscitation.2015.09.396. Epub 2015 Oct 9. PMID: 26449873.

Parent: Episode Events

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Yes			100013072	ACC NCD
No - No Reason		ption was not performed and there is ion of a reason why it was not	112000000195	ACC NCD
No - Medical Reason		ption was not performed and there is ation of a medical reason why it was	11200000199	ACC NCD
Element: 12340		Hypothermia Induced Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time target temperature management (TTM) was initiated.		
		Note(s): Indicate the date and time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour c	lock, beginning at midnight (0000 h	ours).
	Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and discharge		
	Vendor Instruction:	Hypothermia Induced Date and Time (12340) must be Less than Discharge Date an	nd Time (10101)	
		Hypothermia Induced Date and Time (12340) must be Greater than or Equal to Eme and Time (12197)	ergency Medical Services First Med	ical Contact Date
Element: 15517		Patient Location (Temperature Management)		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate where the patient was located when the targeted temperature management	ent protocol was initiated.	
		Note(s): The completion of this data element is only required for facilities seeking Chest Pair (CPC) Certification.	n Center (CPC) Accreditation or Ch	est Pain Center
	Target Value:	The first value between arrival at this facility and discharge		
Healthcare Service L	ocation - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19	376.1.4.1.6.5.920		
Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code Syster
EMS			409971007	SNOMED C
Emergency Departmen	t		11200000164	ACC NCD
Cath Lab			11200000165	ACC NCD
ICU/CCU			11200000241	ACC NCD
Other			100000351	ACC NCD
Element: 15487		Initial Target Temperature Goal		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the initial target temperature goal (in degrees Celsius).		
		Note(s): The completion of this data element is only required for facilities seeking Chest Pair (CPC) Certification.	n Center (CPC) Accreditation or Ch	est Pain Center
	Target Value:	The first value between first medical contact and discharge		

Target Temperature Achieved Date and Time

Coding Instruction: Indicate the date and time the target temperature was achieved.

Note(s):

The completion of this data element is only required for facilities seeking Chest Pain Center (CPC) Accreditation or Chest Pain Center (CPC) Certification.

If the target temperature was not achieved (any reason) and/or the date/time were not documented, leave blank.

Element: 15488





Section: Targeted Temperature Management

Parent: Episode Events

Target Value: The first value between first medical contact and discharge

Element: 15489

Rewarming Phase Initiated Date and Time

Coding Instruction: Indicate the date and time the rewarming phase was initiated.

Note(s):

If a rewarming phase was not applicable (any reason) and/or the date/time were not documented, leave blank.

The completion of this data element is only required for facilities seeking Chest Pain Center (CPC) Accreditation or Chest Pain Center (CPC) Certification.

Target Value: The first value between first medical contact and discharge





Section: Discha	rge	Parent: Root		
Element: 10101		Discharge Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the patient was discharged from your facility as identified in the medical reco	ord.	
		Note(s): Indicate the time (hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (00:00 hours).		
		If the exact discharge time is not specified in the medical record, then code the appropriate time as bel	ow.	
		0000 - 0559 (midnight to before 6AM) code 0300 0600 - 1159 (6AM - before noon) code 0900 1200 - 1759 (noon before 6PM) code 1500 1800 - 2359 (6PM to before midnight) code 2100		
	Target Value:	The value on discharge		
	Vendor Instruction:	Discharge Date and Time (10101) must be greater than or equal to '07/01/2023'		
		Discharge Date and Time (10101) and Arrival Date and Time (3001) must not overlap on multiple episod	les	
		Discharge Date and Time (10101) and Admission Date and Time (12217) must not overlap on multiple e	pisodes	
		Discharge Date and Time (10101) must be Greater than Arrival Date and Time (3001)		
Element: 10105		Discharge Status		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the patient's vital status.		
	Target Value:	The value on discharge		
Discharge Life Status	s - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4	.1.6.5.42		
Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Alive			438949009	SNOMED CT
Deceased			20	HL7 Discharge disposition
Element: 10125	Cause of Deat	h		

Coding Instruction: Indicate the primary cause of death, i.e. the first significant abnormal event which ultimately led to death.

Target Value: The value on time of death

Cause of Death Clinical Finding - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.88

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Cardiac	Attribution of death to a cardiovascular etiology are acute myocardial infarction, sudden cardiac death, heart failure, stroke, cardiovascular procedure, cardiovascular hemorrhage, and other cardiovascular causes. "Death due to other cardiovascular causes" refers to a cardiovascular death not included in the above categories but with a specific known cause, such as pulmonary embolism or peripheral arterial disease. In addition, "death due to cardiovascular hemorrhage" refers to a death related to hemorrhage such as a nom stroke intracranial hemorrhage, non-procedural or non traumatic vascular rupture (e.g., aortic aneurysm), or pulmonary hemorrhage from a pulmonary embolism. In contrast, if a pulmonary hemorrhage were a result o a contusion from a motor vehicle accident, the cause of death would be non-cardiovascular (death due to trauma).	a 1-	100014107	ACC NCDR
Non-Cardiac	Mortality attributed to any non-cardiovascular organ, system, infection, malignancy, trauma or drug reaction/overdose.	Hicks KA, Tcheng JE, Bozkurt B. 2014 ACC/AHA key data elements and definitions for cardiovascular endpoint events in clinical trials: a report of the ACC/AHA Task Force on Clinical Data Standards (Writing Committee to Develop Cardiovascular Endpoints Data Standards). J Am Coll Cardiol 2015;66:403-69	11200000343	ACC NCDR
Undetermined	Attribution of causality may be limited or impossible if information available at the time of death is minimal or nonexistent. In such cases, the date of death may be the only data element captured and 'undetermined' should be selected for cause of death.	Hicks KA, Tcheng JE, Bozkurt B. 2014 ACC/AHA key data elements and definitions for cardiovascular endpoint events in clinical trials: a report of the ACC/AHA Task Force on Clinical Data Standards (Writing Committee to Develop Cardiovascular Endpoints Data Standards). J Am Coll Cardiol	11200000342	ACC NCDR





Section: Dischar	ge	Parent: Root
		2015;66:403-69
Element: 10070		Discharge Provider Last Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the last name of the discharge professional.
		Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 characters only.
		The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement in quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
	Target Value:	The value on discharge
Element: 10071		Discharge Provider First Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the first name of the discharge professional.
		Note(s): If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 characters only.
		The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement in quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
	Target Value:	The value on discharge
Element: 10072		Discharge Provider Middle Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the middle name of the discharge professional.
		Note(s): It is acceptable to specify the middle initial.
		If there is no middle name given, leave field blank.
		If there are multiple middle names, enter all of the middle names sequentially.
		If the name exceeds 50 characters, enter the first 50 letters only.
		The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement in quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
	Target Value:	The value on discharge
Element: 10073		Discharge Provider NPI
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the National Provider Identifier (NPI) of the professional that discharged the patient.
		National Provider Identifier (NPI) numbers, assigned by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), are used to uniquely identify professionals for Medicare billing purposes.
		Note(s): The completion of this data element is voluntary and at the discretion of your facility. NCDR will use the data to provide reporting at the professional level, which may assist professionals with demonstrating value based care as well as support your facility's engagement in quality improvement efforts. If completed, NCDR will defer to your facility's determination of assigning Admitting, Attending, and Discharging professionals' roles, as supported by the patient medical record.
	Target Value:	The value on discharge
	Vendor Instruction:	A partial response for Discharge Provider is not allowed. NPI (10073), First Name (10071), and Last Name (10070) must all be answered or left NULL
Element: 3020		Patient Enrolled in Research Study
Element: 3020	Coding Instruction:	Patient Enrolled in Research Study Indicate if the patient is enrolled in an ongoing ACC - NCDR research study related to this registry.





Section: Resear	ch Study	Parent: Discharge
Element: 3025		Research Study Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the research study name as provided by the research study protocol.
		Note(s): If the patient is in more than one research study, list each separately.
	Target Value:	N/A
	Vendor Instruction:	A Research Study - combination Name (3025) and Patient ID (3030) - may only be entered/selected once
Element: 3030		Research Study Patient ID
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the research study patient identification number as assigned by the research protocol.
		Note(s): If the patient is in more than one research study, list each separately.

Target Value: N/A





Element: 15521	Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction Assessed		
Coding Instruction	: Indicate if the left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) was assessed.		
	Note(s): If the LVEF is measured during the episode of care, and documented in the the LVEF to be documented in a formal diagnostic report.	medical record, it can be used. There is n	o requirement for
	LVEF values obtained prior to first medical contact are not used for coding.		
Target Value	: The last value between arrival at first facility and discharge		
Supporting Definition	: Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction		
	Imaging modality used to assess the LV function include: CT, 2D or 3D trans	sthoracic echocardiogram, transesophage	al echocardiogram,
	gated SPECT, CMR and RNA.		
	gated SPECT, CMR and RNA. Source: Dehmer GJ, Badhwar V, Bermudez EA, et al. 2020 AHA/ACC ke revascularization: a report of the ACC/AHA Task Force on Clinical Data Stan for Coronary Revascularization). J Am Coll Cardiol 2020;75:1975–2088.		
Test Administration - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4	Source: Dehmer GJ, Badhwar V, Bermudez EA, et al. 2020 AHA/ACC ke revascularization: a report of the ACC/AHA Task Force on Clinical Data Stan for Coronary Revascularization). J Am Coll Cardiol 2020;75:1975–2088.		
Selection Definition	Source: Dehmer GJ, Badhwar V, Bermudez EA, et al. 2020 AHA/ACC ke revascularization: a report of the ACC/AHA Task Force on Clinical Data Stan for Coronary Revascularization). J Am Coll Cardiol 2020;75:1975–2088. .1.16.5.925 Source	dards (Writing Committee to Develop Clini	cal Data Standards
Selection Definition Yes The test was	Source: Dehmer GJ, Badhwar V, Bermudez EA, et al. 2020 AHA/ACC ke revascularization: a report of the ACC/AHA Task Force on Clinical Data Stan for Coronary Revascularization). J Am Coll Cardiol 2020;75:1975–2088. A.1.6.5.925 Source completed.	dards (Writing Committee to Develop Clini Code 100013072	Cal Data Standards Code System ACC NCD
Yes The test was No - No reason The test was	Source: Dehmer GJ, Badhwar V, Bermudez EA, et al. 2020 AHA/ACC ke revascularization: a report of the ACC/AHA Task Force on Clinical Data Stan for Coronary Revascularization). J Am Coll Cardiol 2020;75:1975–2088. A.1.6.5.925 Source completed. not completed. There is neither a medical patient reason documented explaining	dards (Writing Committee to Develop Clini	cal Data Standards
Selection Definition Yes The test was No - No reason The test was reason nor a why it was not why it was not way it was not a why it was not be when the set was documentation	Source: Dehmer GJ, Badhwar V, Bermudez EA, et al. 2020 AHA/ACC ke revascularization: a report of the ACC/AHA Task Force on Clinical Data Stan for Coronary Revascularization). J Am Coll Cardiol 2020;75:1975–2088. A.1.6.5.925 Source completed. not completed. There is neither a medical patient reason documented explaining	dards (Writing Committee to Develop Clini Code 100013072	Code System ACC NCD

Element: 12307

Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction Measurement

Coding Instruction: Indicate the best estimate of the left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF).

Note(s):

If the LVEF is measured during the episode of care, and documented in the medical record, it can be used. There is no requirement for the LVEF to be documented in a formal diagnostic report.

LVEF values obtained prior to first medical contact are not used for coding.

Enter a percentage in the range of 1-99.

If a percentage range is reported, code the lowest number in the range (i.e. 50-55%, is reported as 50%). In cases of conflicting measurements, the clinician should specify which value best represents the LVEF closest to discharge and this should be noted in the medical record to support coding.

If only a descriptive value is reported (i.e. normal), enter the corresponding percentage value from the list below: Normal = 60% Good function = 50% Mildly reduced = 45% Fair function = 40% Moderately reduced = 30% Poor function = 25%

Target Value: The last value between arrival at first facility and discharge

Severely reduced = 20%

Supporting Definition: Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction

The left ventricular ejection fraction is the number reflecting the percentage of blood ejected from the left ventricle. **Source:** Dehmer GJ, Badhwar V, Bermudez EA, et al. 2020 AHA/ACC key data elements and definitions for coronary revascularization: a report of the ACC/AHA Task Force on Clinical Data Standards (Writing Committee to Develop Clinical Data Standards for Coronary Revascularization). J Am Coll Cardiol 2020;75:1975–2088.

Element: 12308 Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction Planned for after Discharge	
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the LVEF assessment is planned for after discharge.
Target Value:	The last value between arrival at first facility and discharge

Element: 15491





Section: Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction

Parent: Discharge

Coding Instruction: Indicate if a measurement of the patient's left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) after discharge was not indicated.

Target Value: N/A



Section: Additional Discharge Details

Parent: Discharge

Element: 15490

Cerebral Performance Category (CPC) Score

Coding Instruction: Indicate the patient's neurological status using the cerebral performance category score.

Target Value: The value on discharge

Cerebral Performance Category - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.917

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
1 - Good cerebral performance	Conscious, alert, able to work, might have mild neurologic or psychologic deficit.	Jennett B, Bond M. Assessment of outcome after severe brain damage. Lancet. 1975 Mar 1;1(7905):44 4. doi: 10.1016/s0140-6736(75)92830-5. PMID: 4695		SNOMED CT
2 - Moderate cerebral disability	Conscious. Sufficient cerebral function for independen activities of daily life. Able to work in sheltered environment.	t Jennet and Bond, 1975.	112000003556	ACC NCDR
3 - Severe cerebral disability	Conscious; dependent on others for daily support because of impaired brain function. Ranges from ambulatory state to severe dementia or paralysis.	Jennet and Bond, 1975.	112000003557	ACC NCDR
4 - Coma or vegetative state	Any degree of coma without the presence of all brain death criteria. Unawareness, even if appears awake (vegetative state) without interaction with environment may have spontaneous eye opening and sleep/awake cycles. Cerebral unresponsiveness.	;	723151005	SNOMED CT
5 - Brain death	Apnea, areflexia, EEG silence, etc.	Jennet and Bond, 1975.	230802007	SNOMED CT
Element: 12412	Enrolled in Clinical Trial During I	Hospitalization		
Codir	g Instruction: Indicate if the patient was participating	in a clinical trial during his/her hospitalization.		
	Note: "Yes" is only coded when the cli	nical trial pertains to:		

Note: "Yes" is only coded when the clinical trial pertains to: Precluding the use of aspirin · Reperfusion therapy New antiplatelet therapies · Renin-angiotensin-aldosterone system inhibitor Lipid lowering therapy

- AMI
- STEMI

Target Value: Any occurrence between arrival at this facility and discharge

Element: 12456 Type of Clinical Trial

Coding Instruction: Indicate the type of clinical trial.

Target Value: Any occurrence between arrival at this facility and discharge

Clinical Trial Exclusions DynamicList - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.926

Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Precluding the use of aspirin in protocol		11200000243	ACC NCDR
therapy		11200000245	ACC NCDR
let		11200000247	ACC NCDR
		11200000249	ACC NCDR
g		11200000244	ACC NCDR
		11200000246	ACC NCDR
		11200000248	ACC NCDR
		Ispirin in therapy let insin- nibitor	aspirin in 11200000243 therapy 11200000245 let 11200000247 nsin- 11200000249 nibitor 11200000249 g 11200000244 11200000244 11200000244

Element: 10075

Comfort Measures Only

Coding Instruction: Indicate if the patient was receiving comfort measures documented by a medical professional (i.e. a physician, nurse practitioner, or a physician assistant).

Note(s):

The patient status of 'Comfort Measures' is not equivalent to the following: Do Not Resuscitate (DNR) orders, a Living Will, No Code, or No Heroic Measures.

Target Value: The value on discharge

Supporting Definition: Comfort Measures Only

Comfort Measures Only refers to medical treatment of a dying person where the natural dying process is permitted to occur while assuring maximum comfort. It includes attention to the psychological and spiritual needs of the patient and support for both the dying patient and the patient's family. Comfort Measures Only is commonly referred to as ""comfort care"" by the general public. It is not equivalent to a physician order to withhold emergency resuscitative measures such as Do Not Resuscitate (DNR).





Section: Additional Discharge Deta	ails Parent: Discharge
	Source: Specifications Manual for Joint Commission National Quality Measures (v2015A)
Element: 12413	Comfort Measures Only Date and Time
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the comfort measures order was written.
	Note(s): Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (0000 hours).
Target Value:	The value on discharge
Supporting Definition:	Comfort Measures Only
	Comfort Measures Only refers to medical treatment of a dying person where the natural dying process is permitted to occur while assuring maximum comfort. It includes attention to the psychological and spiritual needs of the patient and support for both the dying patient and the patient's family. Comfort Measures Only is commonly referred to as ""comfort care"" by the general public. It is not equivalent to a physician order to withhold emergency resuscitative measures such as Do Not Resuscitate (DNR).
	Source: Specifications Manual for Joint Commission National Quality Measures (v2015A)
Vendor Instruction:	Comfort Measures Only Date and Time (12413) must be Less than or Equal to Discharge Date and Time (10101)
Element: 10115	Hospice Care
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient was discharged to hospice care.
Target Value:	The value on discharge
Element: 12411	Hospice Care Order Date and Time
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the hospice order was written.
	Note(s): Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (0000 hours).
Target Value:	The value on discharge
Vendor Instruction:	Hospice Care Order Date and Time (12411) must be Less than or Equal to Discharge Date and Time (10101)
Element: 10116	Cardiac Rehabilitation Referral
Coding Instruction:	Indicate if a cardiac rehabilitation referral was provided.
Tarnet Value	The value on discharge

Target Value: The value on discharge

Cardiac Rehab - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.334

Selection	Definition		Source	Code	Code System
Yes	1. Documented communication b provider and the patient to recom- cardiac rehabilitation (CR) progra AND 2A. Official referral order is sent rehabilitation program OR 2B. Documentation of patient re patient information was not sent rehabilitation program. Note: Code 'yes' when step 1 AN completed and documented. The program may include a tradi rehabilitation program based on interactions such as home-based ap	Immend an outpatient am to outpatient cardiac fusal to justify why to the cardiac ND either 2A or 2B are tional cardiac face-to-face is or may include othe	·	100013072	ACC NCDR
No - Reason not documented				100014064	ACC NCDR
No - Medical reason documented	Patient deemed by a medical pro medically unstable, life-threateni other cognitive or physical impai cardiac rehabilitation participatio	ng condition or has rments that preclude		100014066	ACC NCDR
No - Health care system reason documented	Patient is discharged to a nursin care facility, or patient lacks med		Thomas, R.J., et al. 2018 ACC/AHA Clinical Performance and Quality Measures for Cardiac Rehabilitation: A Report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Task Force on Performance Measures. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, Vol 71, Issue 16, April 2018, pages 1814-1837	100014065	ACC NCDR
No - Patient-oriented reason	No traditional cardiac rehabilitation	on (CR) program		112000000520	ACC NCDR





Section: Additio	nal Discharge Deta	hils Parent: Discharge	
	from the patient access to an al	patient, within a 60 minute travel time I's home, or patient does not have ternative model of CR delivery that a for a CR program.	
Element: 10110		Discharge Location	
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the location to which the patient was discharged.	
	Target Value:	The value on discharge	
Discharge Location -	1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1	6.5.41	
Selection	Definition	Source Code	Code System
Home	(home, apartme residence on d	ome may be a traditional residence 01 ont, etc.) or an alternate yet primary 01 ischarge such as living with a friend or 01 a homeless shelter or an assisted living 01	HL7 Discharge dispositio
Skilled nursing facility	anticipated len requirements p rehabilitation ur	facilities are typically for longer 64 gth of stay, as there are fewer laced on subacute programs. An acute hit may be part of a skilled nursing facility r, it is the higher level of care (acute	HL7 Discharge disposition
Extended care/transitio unit/Rehab	provides a high specialized nur	l level of intensive therapy as well as sing and physician care. This discharge o be called subacute care or long term	HL7 Discharge dispositio
Other		100001249	ACC NCDI
Other acute care hospi			HL7 Discharge disposition
Left against medical ad (AMA)	lvice The patient was advice.	s discharged or eloped against medical 07	HL7 Discharge dispositio
Element: 12414		Transfer Date and Time	
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time the patient was transferred to another acute-care hospital for further management. Note(s):	
		Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at midnight (0000	hours).
	-	The value on discharge	
	Vendor Instruction:	Transfer Date and Time (12414) must be Greater than or Equal to Discharge Date and Time (10101)	
Element: 15492		Patient Centered Reason for Delay to Transfer Out	
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if there was a patient-centered reason that delayed the patient's departure.	
		Note(s): A patient-centered reason for delay is an issue and/or condition understood and documented to originate with t associated with the health care system (i.e., facility, staff or processes, etc.).	he patient. It is not
		To warrant coding 'Yes' the patient-centered reason(s) must be identified within the first 30 minutes of the patient diagnosis of STEMI and be responsible for affecting the patient's departure time. Examples: Patient delays in providing consent for transfer, patient has cardiac arrest and/or need for intubation	
		emergent CT scan for r/o CVA, is too unstable for transport (i.e., cardiovascular instability, acute heart failure,	
	Target Value:	Any occurrence in the first 30 minutes after arrival at this facility (or within the first 30 minutes after STEMI diag	jnosis)
Element: 15493		Transfer for Cardiac Evaluation	
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the patient was transferred to another facility for additional cardiac evaluation.	
	Target Value:	The value on time of transfer	
S	Supporting Definition:	Cardiac Evaluation	
		Additional testing may be helpful to identify the cause that may alter an ensuing therapeutic strategy. When the patient presented does not have the capacity for these additional tests, the patient is transferred for additional testing. Source:	
Element: 12415		Transfer for Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention	

Coding Instruction: Indicate if the patient was transferred to another facility for percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI).



Section: Additional Discharge Details

Parent: Discharge



Target Value: The value on time of transfer Element: 12416 Transfer for Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Coding Instruction: Indicate if the patient was transferred to another facility for coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) surgery. Target Value: The value on time of transfer Element: 15545 Canadian Study of Health and Aging (CSHA) Clinical Frailty Scale Coding Instruction: Indicate the Canadian Study of Health and Aging (CSHA) Clinical Frailty Scale of the patient. Target Value: The value on discharge CSHA Clinical Frailty Score - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.338 Selection Definition Code Code System Source 1: Very fit CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 1: Very Fit - People who are 1000142382

			••••••
1: Very fit	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 1: Very Fit - People who are robust, active, energetic and motivated. These people commonly exercise regularly. They are among the fittest for their age.	1000142382	ACC NCDR
2: Well	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 2: Well - People who have no active disease symptoms but are less fit than category 1. Often, they exercise or are very active occasionally, e.g. seasonally.	1000142383	ACC NCDR
3: Managing well	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 3: Managing Well - People whose medical problems are well controlled, but are not regularly active beyond routine walking.	1000142384	ACC NCDR
4: Vulnerable	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 4: Vulnerable - While not dependent on others for daily help, often symptoms limit activities. A common complaint is being "slowed up", and/or being tired during the day.	1000142385	ACC NCDR
5: Mildly frail	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 5: Mildly Frail - These people often have more evident slowing, and need help in high order IADLs (finances, transportation, heavy housework, medications). Typically, mild frailty progressively impairs shopping and walking outside alone, meal preparation and housework.	1000142386	ACC NCDR
6: Moderately frail	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 6: Moderately Frail - People need help with all outside activities and with keeping house. Inside, they often have problems with stairs and need help with bathing and might need minimal assistance (cuing, standby) with dressing.	1000142387	ACC NCDR
7: Severely frail	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 7: Severely Frail - Completely dependent for personal care, from whatever cause (physical or cognitive). Even so, they seem stable and not at high risk of dying (within ~ 6 months).	1000142388	ACC NCDR
8: Very severely frail	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 8: Very Severely Frail - Completely dependent, approaching the end of life. Typically, they could not recover even from a minor illness.	1000142389	ACC NCDR
9: Terminally ill	CHSA Clinical Frailty Scale 9: Terminally III - Approaching the end of life. This category applies to people with a life expectancy <6 months, who are not otherwise evidently frail.	1000142390	ACC NCDR





Section: Discharge Medications

Element: 10200

Discharge Medication Code

Coding Instruction: The medication(s) listed in this field are controlled by the Medication Master file. This file is maintained by the NCDR and will be made available for downloading and importing/updating into your application.

Parent: Discharge

Target Value: N/A

Vendor Instruction: A Discharge Medication Code (10200) should not be duplicated in an episode

Discharge Medication - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.165

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Aspirin (Any)			1191	RxNorm
Clopidogrel			32968	RxNorm
Prasugrel			613391	RxNorm
Ticagrelor			1116632	RxNorm
Beta blocker (Any)			33252009	SNOMED CT
Angiotensin convertir enzyme inhibitor (AC	•		41549009	SNOMED CT
Angiotensin receptor (ARB) (Any)	blocker		372913009	SNOMED CT
Angiotensin II recepto neprilysin inhibitor (AF			786885008	SNOMED CT
Aldosterone receptor antagonist (Any)			372603003	SNOMED CT
Direct oral anticoagul (DOAC) (Any)	ants		112000001416	ACC NCDR
Warfarin			11289	RxNorm
Statin (Any)			96302009	SNOMED CT

Element: 10205

Discharge Medication Prescribed

Coding Instruction: Indicate if the medication was prescribed at discharge.

Note(s): Discharge medications are not required for patients with a Discharge Status of 'deceased' or on Comfort Measures or receiving Hospice Care or with a Discharge Location of 'other acute care hospital', or 'left against medical advice (AMA)'.

Target Value: The value on discharge

Vendor Instruction: When a Discharge Medication Code (10200) is selected, Discharge Medication Prescribed (10205) cannot be Null

Discharge Medication Administration - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.86

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Yes	Code 'Yes' if th discharge	is medication was prescribed at	100001247	ACC NCDR
No - No Reason		s medication was not prescribed at there is no documented reason why.	100001048	ACC NCDR
No - Medical Reason		cal Reason' if this medication was not ischarge because of a (documented) eason.	100001034	ACC NCDR
No - Patient Reason		nt Reason' if this medication was not ischarge due to the (documented) ence	100001071	ACC NCDR
Element: 10207		Discharge Medication Dose		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the medication dose prescribed.		
		Note(s): If the statin dose prescribed is outside (either higher or lower) the intensity categor	y, leave the dose blank.	
		If the statin dose prescribed overlaps two intensity categories, code the lower inte	nsity category.	
	Target Value:	The value on discharge		
	Vendor Instruction:	Parent/Child Validation Notes: See Medications Master dynamic list. Enable the element when Discharge Medication Prescrib /es and the element reference number is listed under the enableElements column applicable to the Discharge Medication Co inder the dynamic list.		()

Medication Dose - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.321

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Low	Daily dose lowers LDL-C, on average, by <30%	Grundy SM, Stone NJ, Bailey AL., et al. 2018 AHA/ACC/AACVPR/AAPA/ABC/ACPM/ADA/AGS/APhA/ASPC/NLA/PCNA	100014036	ACC NCDR
	Fluvastatin 20-40 mg Lovastatin 20 mg	guideline on the management of blood cholesterol: a report of the ACC/AHA Task Force on Clinical Practice Guidelines. J Am Coll Cardiol		





Section: Dis	charge Medications	Parent: Discharge		
	Pitavastatin 1 mg Pravastatin 10-20 mg Rosuvastatin <5 mg Simvastatin 10 mg	2019;73:e285-350		
Moderate	Daily dose lowers LDL-C, on average, by approximately 30% to <50%	Grundy et al., 2019.	100014035	ACC NCDR
	Atorvastatin 10-20 mg Fluvastatin 40 mg twice daily Fluvastatin XL 80 mg Lovastatin 40 mg Pitavastatin 2-4 mg Pravastatin 40-80 mg Rosuvastatin 5-10 mg Simvastatin 20-40 mg			
High	Daily dose lowers LDL-C, on average, by approximately >=50%	Grundy et al., 2019.	100014034	ACC NCDR
	Atorvastatin 40-80 mg Rosuvastatin 20-40 mg			





Section: Discha	rge Medication Det	ails Parent: Discharge
Element: 15520		Aspirin Prescribed Dose Greater Than 100 Milligram
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the aspirin dose prescribed was greater than 100 milligrams (mg).
	Target Value:	The value on discharge
Element: 15546		Patient or Medical Reason for Not Prescribing High-Dose Statin
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if there was either a patient or medical reason that a high-dose statin was not prescribed if a moderate or low-dose statin was prescribed.
	Target Value:	The last value on discharge





	<i>ı-</i> Up	Parent: Root		
Element: 10999		Follow-Up Unique Key		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the unique key associated with each patient follow-up record as assigned by the EMR/E	HP or your soft	ware application
	-		THE OF YOUR SOM	ware application.
	Target Value:	N/A		
Element: 11000		Follow-Up Assessment Date		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date the follow-up assessment was performed.		
	Target Value:	The value on Follow-up		
	Vendor Instruction:	Follow-Up Assessment Date (11000) must be Greater than Follow-Up Reference Episode Dischar	rge Date and T	ime (11015)
		Follow-Up Assessment Date (11000) may only be entered/selected once		
Element: 12537		Follow-Up Reference Admission Date Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time of admission for the reference episode of care.		
		Note(s): Indicate the date/time (mm/dd/yyyy hours:minutes) using the military 24-hour clock, beginning at m	nidnight (0000 ł	nours).
	Target Value:	The value on Follow-up		
Element: 11015		Follow-Up Reference Episode Discharge Date and Time		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date and time of discharge for the relevant episode of care.		
	Target Value:	The value on Follow-up		
Element: 11003		Method to Determine Follow-Up Status		
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the method(s) used to determine the follow-up status.		
	-	The value on Follow-up		
Method to Determin	e Follow-up status - 1.3	3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.370		
Coloctic -	Definition	_		
	Definition	Source	Code	-
Office visit	Definition	Source	183654001	SNOMED (
Office visit Medical records		Source	183654001 100014060	SNOMED C
Dffice visit Medical records Letter from medical pro		Source	183654001 100014060 100014061	SNOMED C ACC NCE ACC NCE
Office visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call	rovider	Source	183654001 100014060 100014061 100014062	SNOMED (ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE
Dffice visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death r	rovider	Source	183654001 100014060 100014061	SNOMED C ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD
Office visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death r ile	rovider	Source	183654001 100014060 100014061 100014062	SNOMED (ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE
Office visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death r ile Hospitalization	rovider		183654001 100014060 100014061 100014062 1000142362	SNOMED C ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE
Office visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death r file Hospitalization Other	rovider master		183654001 100014060 100014061 100014062 1000142362 1000142363	SNOMED C ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE
Office visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death r file Hospitalization Other	rovider master Not otherwise s	specified.	183654001 100014060 100014061 100014062 1000142362 1000142363	SNOMED C ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD
Office visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death r file Hospitalization Other	rovider master Not otherwise s Coding Instruction:	specified. Follow-Up Status	183654001 100014060 100014061 100014062 1000142362 1000142363	SNOMED C ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD
Office visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death r ile Hospitalization Other Element: 11004 Follow-Up Status - 1.	Not otherwise : Coding Instruction: Target Value: .3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.	specified. Follow-Up Status Indicate the patient status as of the date on which the follow-up assessment was performed. The value on Follow-up 5.372	183654001 100014060 100014062 1000142362 1000142363 100000351	Code System SNOMED C ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD
Diffice visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death r ile Hospitalization Dther Element: 11004 Follow-Up Status - 1. Selection	Not otherwise : Coding Instruction: Target Value:	specified. Follow-Up Status Indicate the patient status as of the date on which the follow-up assessment was performed. The value on Follow-up	183654001 100014060 100014062 1000142363 1000142363 100000351	SNOMED C ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD
Office visit Medical records Letter from medical pro- Phone call Social Security death r ile Hospitalization Other Element: 11004 Follow-Up Status - 1. Selection Alive	Not otherwise : Coding Instruction: Target Value: .3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.	specified. Follow-Up Status Indicate the patient status as of the date on which the follow-up assessment was performed. The value on Follow-up 5.372	183654001 100014060 100014062 1000142363 1000042363 100000351	SNOMED C ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD Code System SNOMED C
Office visit Vedical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death ri ile Hospitalization Dther Element: 11004 Follow-Up Status - 1. Selection Alive Deceased	Not otherwise : Coding Instruction: Target Value: .3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.	specified. Follow-Up Status Indicate the patient status as of the date on which the follow-up assessment was performed. The value on Follow-up 5.372	183654001 100014060 100014062 1000142363 1000042363 100000351	SNOMED C ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE
Diffice visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death ri le Hospitalization Dther Element: 11004 Follow-Up Status - 1. Selection Alive Deceased Lost to follow-up	Not otherwise : Coding Instruction: Target Value: .3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.	specified. Follow-Up Status Indicate the patient status as of the date on which the follow-up assessment was performed. The value on Follow-up 5.372	183654001 100014060 100014062 1000142362 1000142363 100000351 <i>00000351</i>	SNOMED C ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD HL7 Discharge dispositio
Office visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death rile Hospitalization Dther Element: 11004 Follow-Up Status - 1. Selection Alive Deceased Lost to follow-up	rovider master Not otherwise : Coding Instruction: Target Value: .3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6. Definition	specified. Follow-Up Status Indicate the patient status as of the date on which the follow-up assessment was performed. The value on Follow-up 5.372 Source	183654001 100014060 100014062 1000142362 1000142363 100000351 <i>00000351</i>	SNOMED (ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE SNOMED (HL7 Discharge dispositio
Diffice visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death ri le Hospitalization Dther Element: 11004 Follow-Up Status - 1. Selection Alive Deceased Lost to follow-up	rovider master Not otherwise s Coding Instruction: Target Value: .3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6. Definition	specified. Follow-Up Status Indicate the patient status as of the date on which the follow-up assessment was performed. The value on Follow-up 5.372 Source Enrolled in Cardiac Rehabilitation Program	183654001 100014060 100014062 1000142362 1000142363 100000351 <i>00000351</i>	SNOMED (ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE SNOMED (HL7 Discharge dispositio
Office visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death rile Hospitalization Dther Element: 11004 Follow-Up Status - 1. Selection Alive Deceased Lost to follow-up Element: 15514	rovider master Not otherwise s Coding Instruction: Target Value: .3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6. Definition	specified. Follow-Up Status Indicate the patient status as of the date on which the follow-up assessment was performed. The value on Follow-up 5.372 Source Enrolled in Cardiac Rehabilitation Program Indicate if the patient enrolled in a cardiac rehabilitation program. Any occurrence between discharge (or previous follow-up) and current follow-up assessment	183654001 100014060 100014062 1000142362 1000142363 100000351 <i>00000351</i>	SNOMED (ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE ACC NCE SNOMED (HL7 Discharge dispositio
Diffice visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death ri ile Hospitalization Dther Element: 11004 Selection Alive Deceased Lost to follow-up Element: 15514	rovider master Not otherwise : Coding Instruction: Target Value: .3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6. Definition Coding Instruction: Target Value:	specified. Follow-Up Status Indicate the patient status as of the date on which the follow-up assessment was performed. The value on Follow-up 5.372 Source Enrolled in Cardiac Rehabilitation Program Indicate if the patient enrolled in a cardiac rehabilitation program. Any occurrence between discharge (or previous follow-up) and current follow-up assessment Follow-Up Date of Death	183654001 100014060 100014062 1000142362 1000142363 100000351 <i>00000351</i>	SNOMED C ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD HL7 Discharge dispositio
Office visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death ri file Hospitalization Other Element: 11004 Follow-Up Status - 1. Selection Alive Deceased Lost to follow-up Element: 15514	rovider master Not otherwise s Coding Instruction: Target Value: .3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6. Definition Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction:	specified. Follow-Up Status Indicate the patient status as of the date on which the follow-up assessment was performed. The value on Follow-up 5.372 Source Enrolled in Cardiac Rehabilitation Program Indicate if the patient enrolled in a cardiac rehabilitation program. Any occurrence between discharge (or previous follow-up) and current follow-up assessment Follow-Up Date of Death Indicate the date of death.	183654001 100014060 100014062 1000142362 1000142363 100000351 <i>00000351</i>	SNOMED C ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD HL7 Discharge dispositio
Office visit Medical records Letter from medical pro Phone call Social Security death r file Hospitalization Other Element: 11004 Follow-Up Status - 1. Selection Alive Deceased Lost to follow-up	rovider master Not otherwise : Coding Instruction: Target Value: .3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6. Definition Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value:	specified. Follow-Up Status Indicate the patient status as of the date on which the follow-up assessment was performed. The value on Follow-up 5.372 Source Enrolled in Cardiac Rehabilitation Program Indicate if the patient enrolled in a cardiac rehabilitation program. Any occurrence between discharge (or previous follow-up) and current follow-up assessment Follow-Up Date of Death	183654001 100014060 100014062 1000142362 1000142363 100000351 Code 438949009 20 399307001	SNOMED C ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD ACC NCD Code System SNOMED C HL7 Discharge dispositio SNOMED C
Selection Alive Deceased Lost to follow-up Element: 15514	rovider master Not otherwise s Coding Instruction: Target Value: .3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6. Definition	specified. Follow-Up Status Indicate the patient status as of the date on which the follow-up assessment was performed. The value on Follow-up 5.372 Source Enrolled in Cardiac Rehabilitation Program Indicate if the patient enrolled in a cardiac rehabilitation program. Any occurrence between discharge (or previous follow-up) and current follow-up assessment	183654(100014(100014(1000142) 1000142(100000) 1000000)	001 060 061 062 362 363 351 351

Follow-Up Date of Death (11006) must be Greater than or Equal to Follow-Up Assessment Date (11000)





Section	Follow-Up

Parent: Root

Element: 11007 Cause of Death

Coding Instruction: Indicate the primary cause of death, i.e. the first significant abnormal event which ultimately led to death.

Target Value: The value on Follow-up

Cause of Death Clinical Finding - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6.5.88

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
Cardiac	Attribution of death to a cardiovascular etiology are acute myocardial infarction, sudden cardiac death, heart failure, stroke, cardiovascular procedure, cardiovascular hemorrhage, and other cardiovascular causes. "Death due to other cardiovascular causes" refers to a cardiovascular death not included in the above categories but with a specific known cause, such as a pulmonary embolism or peripheral arterial disease. In addition, "death due to cardiovascular hemorrhage" refers to a death related to hemorrhage such as a non stroke intracranial hemorrhage, non-procedural or non traumatic vascular rupture (e.g., aortic aneurysm), or	(Writing Committee to Develop Cardiovascular Endpoints Data Standards). J Am Coll Cardiol a 2015;66:403-69 a	100014107	ACC NCDR
	pulmonary hemorrhage from a pulmonary embolism. In contrast, if a pulmonary hemorrhage were a result of a contusion from a motor vehicle accident, the cause of death would be non-cardiovascular (death due to	of		
Non-Cardiac	trauma). Mortality attributed to any non-cardiovascular organ, system, infection, malignancy, trauma or drug reaction/overdose.	Hicks KA, Tcheng JE, Bozkurt B. 2014 ACC/AHA key data elements and definitions for cardiovascular endpoint events in clinical trials: a report of the ACC/AHA Task Force on Clinical Data Standards (Writing Committee to Develop Cardiovascular Endpoints Data Standards). J Am Coll Cardiol 2015;66:403-69	11200000343	ACC NCDR
Undetermined	Attribution of causality may be limited or impossible if information available at the time of death is minimal or nonexistent. In such cases, the date of death may be the only data element captured and 'undetermined' should be selected for cause of death.	Hicks KA, Tcheng JE, Bozkurt B. 2014 ACC/AHA key data elements and definitions for cardiovascular endpoint events in clinical trials: a report of the ACC/AHA Task Force on Clinical Data Standards (Writing Committee to Develop Cardiovascular Endpoints Data Standards). J Am Coll Cardiol 2015;66:403-69	11200000342	ACC NCDR





Section: Follow-Up Events

Element: 11011 Follow-Up Events

Events

Coding Instruction: The events listed in this field are controlled by the Event Master file. This file is maintained by the NCDR and will be made available for downloading and importing/updating into your application.

Parent: Follow-Up

Target Value: N/A

Vendor Instruction: A Follow-up - combination Events (11011), Occurred (11012) and Dates (11014) - may only be entered/selected once

Follow-up Events - 2.16.840.1.113883.3.3478.6.3.20

Selection	Definition	Source	Code	Code System
CABG - Planned			11200000308	ACC NCDR
CABG - Unplanned			11200000309	ACC NCDR
Heart failure			84114007	SNOMED CT
Myocardial infarction ·	NSTEMI		401314000	SNOMED CT
Myocardial infarction	- STEMI		401303003	SNOMED CT
PCI - Planned			11200000310	ACC NCDR
PCI Unplanned			11200000311	ACC NCDR
Readmission			11200000312	ACC NCDR
New requirement for	dialysis		100014076	ACC NCDR
Stroke - Hemorrhagic			230706003	SNOMED CT
Stroke - Ischemic			422504002	SNOMED CT
Stroke - Undetermine	d		230713003	SNOMED CT

Element: 11012

Follow-Up Events Occurred

Coding Instruction: Indicate the event(s) that did or did not occur during the follow-up timeframe.

CABG: Planned

A planned coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) surgery includes a documented plan for the patient to receive a CABG, or a patient referral for a CABG or a CABG date scheduled.

CABG: Unplanned

An unplanned coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) surgery is when:

- 1. Surgical coronary revascularization is required to address a complication of another cardiac surgical procedure performed; or,
- 2. Surgical coronary revascularization is necessitated by disease or anatomy that was not anticipated and/or recognized.

Heart Failure

Indicate if the patient experienced new onset or acute recurrence of heart failure which necessitated new or increased pharmacologic therapy.

A low EF alone, without clinical evidence of heart failure, does not qualify as heart failure.

Myocardial Infarction: NSTEMI A clinical diagnosis of NSTEMI.

Myocardial Infarction: STEMI A clinical diagnosis of STEMI.

PCI Planned

A planned percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI) includes a documented plan for the patient to receive a PCI, or a patient referral for a PCI or a PCI date scheduled.

PCI Unplanned

An unplanned percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI) is when: 1. PCI is required to address a complication of another cardiac procedure performed; or, 2. PCI is necessitated by disease or anatomy that was not anticipated and/or recognized.

Readmission

Orders are written for an observation or inpatient unit. An emergency department visit without orders for either observation or an inpatient unit does not qualify as a readmission. A planned readmission for a staged PCI procedure does not qualify.

New Requirement for Dialysis

Indicate if the patient experienced acute or worsening renal failure necessitating renal dialysis.

Stroke: Hemorrhagic

Indicate if the patient experienced an acute episode of focal or global neurological dysfunction of the brain, spinal cord or retina caused by intraparenchymal, intraventricular, or subarachnoid bleeding, where the neurological dysfunction lasts for greater than 24 hours. Subdural hematomas are intracranial hemorrhagic events and not strokes.

Stroke: Ischemic

Indicate if the patient experienced an acute episode of focal, cerebral, spinal, or retinal dysfunction caused by infarction of the central nervous system tissue where the neurological dysfunction lasts for greater than 24 hours. Hemorrhage may be a consequence of ischemic stroke. In this situation, the stroke is an ischemic stroke with hemorrhagic transformation.

Stroke: Undetermined





Section: Follow-Up Events	Parent: Follow-Up
	Indicate if the patient experienced an acute episode of focal or global neurological dysfunction caused by presumed brain, spinal cord, or retinal vascular injury as a result of hemorrhage or infarction but with insufficient information to allow categorization as either ischemic or hemorrhagic, where the neurological dysfunction lasts for greater than 24 hours
Target Value:	Any occurrence between discharge (or previous follow-up) and current follow-up assessment
Vendor Instruction:	When a Follow-Up Events (11011) is selected, Follow-Up Events Occurred (11012) must not be Null
Element: 11014	Follow-Up Event Dates
Coding Instruction:	Indicate the date the event occurred.
	Note(s):
	If an event occurred more than once on the same date, indicate only the first event.
	If an event occurred more than once in the target timeframe but on different dates, record the event multiple times but with unique dates.
	For events that occurred and the full date is unknown, leave the date field blank.
Target Value:	All values between discharge (or previous follow-up) and current follow-up assessment
Vendor Instruction:	Follow-Up Event Dates (11014) must be Greater than or Equal to Follow-Up Reference Episode Discharge Date and Time (11015)
	Follow-Up Event Dates (11014) must be Less than or Equal to Follow-Up Assessment Date (11000)
	Follow-Up Event Dates (11014) must be Less than or Equal to Follow-Up Date of Death (11006)





Section: Admi	nistration	Parent: Root
Element: 1000		Participant ID
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the participant ID of the submitting facility.
	Target Value:	N/A
	Supporting Definition:	Participant ID
		Participant ID is a unique number assigned to each database participant by NCDR. A database participant is defined as one entity that signs a Participation Agreement with the NCDR, submits one data submission file to the harvest, and receives one report on their data.
		Each participant's data if submitted to harvest must be in one data submission file for a quarter. If one participant keeps their data in more than one file (e.g. at two sites), then the data must be combined into a single data submission to the system to file for the harvest. If two or more participants share a single purchased software, and enter cases into one database, then the data must be exported into different data submission files, one for each participant ID.
		Source: NCDR
Element: 1010		Participant Name
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the full name of the facility where the procedure was performed.
		Note(s): Values should be full, official hospital names with no abbreviations or variations in spelling.
	Target Value:	N/A
	Supporting Definition:	Participant Name
		Indicate the full name of the facility where the procedure was performed. Values should be full, official hospital names with no abbreviations or variations in spelling.
		Source: NCDR
Element: 1020		Time Frame of Data Submission
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate the time frame of data included in the data submission. Format: YYYYQQ. e.g.,2016Q1
	Target Value:	N/A
Element: 1040		Transmission Number
	Coding Instruction:	This is a unique number created, and automatically inserted by the software into export file. It identifies the number of times the software has created a data submission file. The transmission number should be incremented by one every time the data submission files are exported. The transmission number should never be repeated.
	Target Value:	N/A
-		
Element: 1050		Vendor Identifier
	Coding Instruction:	Vendor identification (agreed upon by mutual selection between the vendor and the NCDR) to identify software vendor. This is entered into the schema automatically by vendor software. Vendors must use consistent name identification across sites. Changes to vendor name identification must be approved by the NCDR.
	Target Value:	N/A
Element: 1060		Vendor Software Version
Element. 1000	Coding Instruction:	Vendor's software product name and version number identifying the software which created this record (assigned by vendor). Vendor controls the value in this field. This is entered into the schema automatically by vendor software.
	Target Value:	
Element: 1070		Registry Identifier
	Coding Instruction:	The NCDR registry identifier describes the data registry to which these records apply. It is implemented in the software at the time the data is collected and records are created. This is entered into the schema automatically by software.
	Target Value:	N/A
Element: 1071		Registry Schema Version
	Coding Instruction:	Schema version describes the version number of the Registry Transmission Document (RTD) schema to which each record conforms. It is an attribute that includes a constant value indicating the version of schema file. This is entered into the schema automatically by software.
	Target Value:	N/A





		Parent: Root	
Element: 1085		Submission Type	
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the data contained in the harvest/data file contains either standard patient episode of care records (a only) or if it contains patient follow-up records.	rrival date to discharge
		A transmission file with all episode of care records (from Arrival to Discharge only) is considered a 'Base Regis	stry Record'.
		A file with patient follow-up records (any follow-up assessments performed during the quarter selected) is con Record'.	sidered a 'Follow-Up
		Note(s): Selecting 'Follow-Up Records Only' will transmit all patient records with Follow-up Assessment Dates (Element I the selected timeframe, regardless of the procedure or discharge date. For example, if a patient has a procedur discharged on 3/31/2017, and has a follow-up assessment on 5/6/2017, the patient's episode of care data will b 2017Q1 Base Registry Record file, but the Follow-up data will be transmitted in the 2017Q2 Follow-Up File.	e on 3/30/2017, is
	Target Value:	N/A	
Submission Type			
Selection	Definition	Source Code	Code Syster
Episode of Care Recor		1000142424	ACC NCD
Follow-Up Records On	ly	1000142425	ACC NCD
Element: 15569		Submission Dataset	
	Coding Instruction:	Indicate if the dataset being submitted is from a STEMI Referring Facility (STRF), or STEMI receiving center (FDS).
	Target Value:	N/A	
	Ū		
Source of Dataset - 1 Selection	.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6 Definition	Source Code	Code Syster
FDS	Full Dataset	FDS	ACC NCD
STRF	STEMI Referral	Facility STRF	ACC NCD
Element: 1090		Patient Population	
Element: 1090	Coding Instruction:	Patient Population Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission.	
Element: 1090	-	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission.	
	Target Value:	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A	
Patient Population - 1	Target Value:	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A 5.5.241	Code Syster
Patient Population - 7 Selection	Target Value:	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A 5.5.241 Source Code	
Patient Population - 7 Selection All Patient Types	Target Value:	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A 5.5.241 Source Code 100000930	ACC NCD
Patient Population - 7 Selection All Patient Types NSTEMI/STEMI Types	Target Value:	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A 5.5.241 Source Code	ACC NCD ACC NCD
Patient Population - 7 Selection All Patient Types NSTEMI/STEMI Types	Target Value:	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A 5.5.241 Source Code 100000930 112000003577	ACC NCD ACC NCD
Patient Population - 7 Selection All Patient Types NSTEMI/STEMI Types STEMI Type	Target Value: 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6 Definition	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A 5.5.241 Source Code 100000930 112000003577 401303003 Sampling	ACC NCD ACC NCD
Patient Population - 7 Selection All Patient Types NSTEMI/STEMI Types STEMI Type	Target Value: 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6 Definition	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A 5.5.241 Source Code 100000930 112000003577 401303003 Sampling Indicate if the site is sampling any patient types.	ACC NCD ACC NCD
Patient Population - 7 Selection All Patient Types NSTEMI/STEMI Types STEMI Type	Target Value: 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6 Definition Coding Instruction:	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A 5.5.241 Source Code 100000930 112000003577 401303003 Sampling Indicate if the site is sampling any patient types.	ACC NCD ACC NCD
Patient Population - Selection All Patient Types NSTEMI/STEMI Types STEMI Type Element: 12594	Target Value: 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6 Definition Coding Instruction: Target Value:	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A 5.5.241 Code 100000930 112000003577 401303003 Sampling Indicate if the site is sampling any patient types. N/A	ACC NCD ACC NCD
Patient Population - Selection All Patient Types NSTEMI/STEMI Types STEMI Type Element: 12594	Target Value: 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6 Definition Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction:	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A S.5.241 Code Code 100000930 112000003577 401303003 Sampling Indicate if the site is sampling any patient types. N/A Sampling Patients Types Indicate which patient types are being included for sampling.	ACC NCD ACC NCD
Patient Population - Selection All Patient Types NSTEMI/STEMI Types STEMI Type Element: 12594	Target Value: 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6 Definition Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value:	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A S.5.241 Code Code 100000930 112000003577 401303003 Sampling Indicate if the site is sampling any patient types. N/A Sampling Patients Types Indicate which patient types are being included for sampling.	ACC NCD ACC NCD
Patient Population - 7 Selection All Patient Types NSTEMI/STEMI Types STEMI Type Element: 12594 Element: 12595	Target Value: 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6 Definition Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value: Vendor Instruction:	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A S.5.241 Code Code 100000930 112000003577 401303003 Sampling Indicate if the site is sampling any patient types. N/A Sampling Patients Types Indicate which patient types are being included for sampling. N/A Sampling Patients Types (12595) cannot be Null	ACC NCD ACC NCD
Patient Population - Selection All Patient Types NSTEMI/STEMI Types STEMI Type Element: 12594 Element: 12595	Target Value: 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6 Definition Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value: Vendor Instruction: /pes - 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A S.5.241 Code Code 100000930 112000003577 401303003 Sampling Indicate if the site is sampling any patient types. N/A Sampling Patients Types Indicate which patient types are being included for sampling. N/A Sampling Patients Types (12595) cannot be Null S.1.4.1.6.5.394	ACC NCD ACC NCD SNOMED C
Patient Population - Selection All Patient Types NSTEMI/STEMI Types STEMI Type Element: 12594 Element: 12595	Target Value: 1.3.6.1.4.1.19376.1.4.1.6 Definition Coding Instruction: Target Value: Coding Instruction: Target Value: Vendor Instruction:	Indicate the population of patients and procedures that are included in the data submission. N/A S.5.241 Code Code 100000930 112000003577 401303003 Sampling Indicate if the site is sampling any patient types. N/A Sampling Patients Types Indicate which patient types are being included for sampling. N/A Sampling Patients Types (12595) cannot be Null	Code System ACC NCD ACC NCD SNOMED C SNOMED C