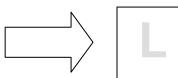
Ottawa Hospital Research Institute LACE Index Scoring Tool for Risk Assessment of Death and Readmission

Step 1. Length of Stay

Length of stay (including day of admission and discharge): _____ days

Length of stay (days)	Score (circle as appropriate)	
1	1	
2	2	
3	3	
4-6	4	
7-13	5	·
14 or more	7	



Step 2. Acuity of Admission

Was the patient admitted to hospital via the emergency department? If yes, enter "3" in Box A, otherwise enter "0" in Box A



Step 3. Comorbidities

Condition (definitions and notes on reverse)	Score (circle as appropriate)	
Previous myocardial infarction	+1	
Cerebrovascular disease	+1	
Peripheral vascular disease	+1	If the TOTAL score is between 0
Diabetes without complications	+1	and 3 enter the score into Box C.
Congestive heart failure	+2	If the score is 4 or higher, enter 5
Diabetes with end organ damage	+2	into Box C
Chronic pulmonary disease	+2	
Mild liver disease	+2	
Any tumor (including lymphoma or	+2	
leukemia)		
Dementia	+3	
Connective tissue disease	+3	
AIDS	+4	
Moderate or severe liver disease	+4	
Metastatic solid tumor	+6	
TOTAL		

Step 4. Emergency department visits

How many times has the patient visited an emergency department in the six months prior to admission (not including the emergency department visit immediately preceding the current admission)?

Enter this number or 4 (whichever is smaller) in Box E



Add numbers in Box L, Box A, Box C, Box E to generate LACE score and enter into box below. If the patient has a LACE score that is greater than or equal to 10, the patient can be referred to the virtual ward. (Note: A *virtual ward* uses the systems and staffing of hospital

care, but without the physical building: staff provide preventative care for patients in their own homes. If your hospital does not support a virtual ward, proceed to treat patient as a high risk individual.)



If you have questions about the use of this tool, please contact Dr. Irfan Dhalla at dhallai@smh.toronto.on.ca or by pager through St. Michael's Hospital locating (416-864-5431)

Note that there are other risk assessments in the environment and this is just one example.

Condition	Definition and/or notes	
Previous myocardial infarction	Any previous definite or probable myocardial	
	infarction	
Cerebrovascular disease	Any previous stroke or transient ischemic attack (TIA)	
Peripheral vascular disease	Intermittent claudication, previous surgery or stenting,	
	gangrene or acute ischemia, untreated abdominal or	
	thoracic aortic aneurysm	
Diabetes without microvascular complications	No retinopathy, nephropathy or neuropathy	
Congestive heart failure	Any patient with symptomatic CHF whose symptoms	
	have responded to appropriate medications	
Diabetes with end organ damage	Diabetes with retinopathy, nephropathy or neuropathy	
Chronic pulmonary disease	??	
Mild liver disease	Cirrhosis but no portal hypertension (i.e., no varices,	
	no ascites) OR chronic hepatitis	
Any tumor (including lymphoma or leukemia)	Solid tumors must have been treated within the last 5	
	years; includes chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL)	
	and polycythemia vera (PV)_	
Dementia	Any cognitive deficit??	
Connective tissue disease	Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), polymyositis,	
	mixed connective tissue disease, moderate to severe	
	rheumatoid arthritis, and polymyalgia rheumatica	
AIDS	AIDS-defining opportunistic infection or CD4 < 200	
Moderate or severe liver disease	Cirrhosis with portal hypertension (e.g., ascites or	
	variceal bleeding)	
Metastatic solid tumor	Any metastatic tumour	